THE
Boston-Gazette,
AND
COUNTRY JOURNAL.

No. 760.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1769.

A LIST of the Names of *those* who AUDACIOUSLY continue to counteract the UNITED SENTIMENTS of the BODY of Merchants thro'out NORTH-AMERICA; by importing British Goods contrary to the Agreement.—

John Bernard,
James McMasters & Comp'y.
John Mein,

Just Published, and to be Sold by EDES *and* GILL, *in Queen-Street.*

AN
APPEAL
TO THE
WORLD:
OR A
VINDICATION
OF THE
Town of BOSTON,
FROM
Many false and malicious Aspersions
CONTAIN'D
In certain Letters and Memorials, written by Governor Bernard, General Gage, Commodore Hood, the Commissioners of the American Board of Customs, and others, and by them respectively transmitted to the British Ministry.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE TOWN.

The following Direction and RESOLVES, are published with the Appeal.

At a Meeting of the Town of BOSTON, *legally assembled, on Wednesday October the 4th, and thence continued by Adjournment to Wednesday October 18,* 1769

THE following Remarks, upon the Letters written by Governor Bernard, and others were ordered to be published; and the Committee were directed respectfully to transmit a printed Copy of the same to the following Gentlemen, *viz.* The Honorable Col. *Isaac Barre*, Esq; a Member of Parliament; His Excellency *Thomas Pownal*, Esq; late Governor of this Province, and a Member of Parliament; *Benjamin Franklin*, Esq; Doctor of Laws; *William Bollan*, Esq; Agent for his Majesty's Council of this Province; *Denys DeBerdt*, Esq; Agent for the House of Representatives, and *Barlow Trecothick*, Esq; Alderman of the City of LONDON, and a Member of Parliament.

Attest WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

The Town of BOSTON, *at their Meeting beforementioned, came into the following Resolutions, viz.*

RESOLVED, That the Letters and Memorials of Governor Bernard and the Commissioners of the Customs in America, transmitted by them respectively to his Majesty's Ministers, and laid before the Parliament of Great-Britain, authentick Copies of which are now before this Town; had a Tendency to deceive the Ministry and lead them unavoidably to misinform his Majesty, with Regard to the Affections and Loyalty of his American Subjects in general: And that the said Governor Bernard and the Commissioners have particularly, in their Letters and Memorials before-mentioned, discover'd an implacable Enmity to this Town, and the most virulent Endeavours to traduce it even to his Majesty himself; by Means whereof the Inhabitants very sensibly feel the Displeasure of their Gracious Sovereign.——

RESOLVED, That this Town have Reason to rejoice in the Measure taken by the Honorable House of Representatives, in the last Session of the General Assembly; by so seasonably preferring their Dutiful and Loyal Petition to his Majesty, for the Removal of Governor Bernard *for ever* from the Government of this Province: And the Town take this Opportunity to express their most ardent Wish, that the Prayer of said Petition to his Majesty may be graciously heard and granted.

RESOLVED, That General Gage and Commodore Hood in their several Letters to his Majesty's Ministers and Servants, authentick Copies of which are now before this Town, have discover'd an unreasonable Prejudice against the Town. And the General in particular, in declaring in his Letter to the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, one of his Majesty's Secretaries of State that "*in Truth there was very little Government in Boston*;" and in making Use of other Expressions *alike severe*, has done great Injustice to the Town, and an irreparable Injury. And it is moreover the Opinion of the Town, that the *Readiness* he has discover'd to receive unfavorable Impressions of it, and the publick Testimony he was prevail'd upon to bear against it, before he could have Time to make an impartial Enquiry, betray'd a want of *Candor* unbecoming his Station and Character.

RESOLVED, That many of the Letters and Memorials aforesaid are false, scandalous, and infamous Libels upon the Inhabitants of this Town, Province and Continent, of the most virulent and malicious, as well as dangerous and pernicious Tendency: And that the Selectmen be and hereby are directed to apply and complain to proper Authority, that the wicked Authors of those incendiary Libels, may be proceeded with according to Law, and brought to condign Punishment.

From the APPEAL to the WORLD, Page 31, *After the Remarks on Governor Bernard's Letters in the following Paragraph:*

"Notwithstanding the Town have been oblig'd in "Justice to themselves, to say thus much in their own "Vindication, we should yet be glad, that the antient "and happy Union between Great-Britain and this "Country, which Governor Bernard has so industriously labor'd to interrupt, might be restor'd. Some "have indeed flatter'd themselves with the Prospect of "it; as Intelligence is said to have been receiv'd "from Administration, that *all* the Revenue Acts "would be repeal'd: But as it since appears by Lord "Hillsborough's own Account, that nothing more is "intended, than the taking off the Duties on Paper, "Glass, and Painter's Colours, upon commercial "Principles only; if that is all, it will not give Satisfaction: It will not even relieve the Trade from the "Burdens it labours under; much less will it remove "the Grounds of Discontent, which runs thro' the "Continent, upon much higher Principles. Their "Rights are invaded by these Acts; therefore untill "they are *all* repeal'd, the *Cause* of their just Complaints cannot be remov'd: In short, the Grievances which lie heavily upon us, we shall never think redress'd, till *every Act*, pass'd by the British Parliament for the express Purpose of raising a Revenue "upon us without our Consent, is Repeal'd; till the "American Board of Commissioners of the Customs is dissolv'd; the Troops recall'd; and Things are restor'd to the State they were in before the late "extraordinary Measures of Administration took "Place.

PHILADELPHIA, October 16.

Saturday last the General Assembly of this Province met here. Joseph Galloway, Esq; is chosen Speaker. Benjamin Franklin, and Richard Jackson, Esqrs. were chosen Agents, and Charles Moore, Esq; Clerk.

On Tuesday last JOHN HANCOCK, and THOMAS BRATTLE, Esqrs. set out from hence, on their Return to Boston. Their engaging Behaviour, added to their Firmness in the Cause of Liberty, rendered their Visit here very agreeable to all who had the Pleasure of their Acquaintance.

PROVIDENCE, October 21.

From different Parts of the Country we learn, that a dangerous Distemper has broke out among the Dogs, several having lately gone mad.—An Ox belonging to Capt. Ephraim Pearce, of Johnston, was some Time since bit by one of those Animals; but as the Ox was not immediately affected, and the Wound healed, it was hoped no bad Consequences would ensue; however, in about six Weeks after, Symptoms of the Malady appeared, which increased till it became dangerous to approach him, and he died raving mad.

We since learn that Mr. EBENEZER TYLER, of Cranston, died on Tuesday last. He was lately bit in the Arm by a Dog, which some say was the Cause of his Death.

On Tuesday Morning a mad Dog entered a House on the West Side of the Bridge, when a Person attempted to shoot him; but the Gun only flashed, and he made off up Johnston Road. He was afterwards seen to bite two other Dogs, belonging to Col. Christopher Harris, and Mr. Consider Luther.

We are likewise informed, that a Number of Swine having been bit, all of them died mad.

It strongly behoves the Owners of Dogs to guard, as much as possible, against their being infected; and upon discovering the least Sign of Madness, immediately to destroy them.

PROVIDENCE, October 20, 1769.

AT a Meeing of the principal Merchants, Traders and other Inhabitants of the Town, this Day, at Liberty Tree, in Consequence of an Adjournment from the 17th Instant, the Committee of Merchants reported, that Messieurs *Joseph* and *William Russell*, and a Number of other Merchants and Importers of *British* Goods, had freely, under their Hands, agreed to deliver up to the Committee, appointed for that Purpose, all such Goods as might be by them imported in the Snow *Tristram*, *David Shand*, Master, (soon expected from England) contrary to the Agreement heretofore entered into by the Merchants, and principal People of the Town, to be stored until the Duty Act on Glass Paper, &c. be repealed: And as there are some few other Persons in this Town, who as yet refuse to come into the general Agreement, respecting the delivering up and storing of Goods, although they have been duly waited upon, and requested to accede to the same; and this Meeting having Hopes that, on Reconsideration, they will so far consult their own Interest as well as their Duty to the Public, as to join in the same salutary Measures; it was therefore voted, That the Meeting be adjourned to Tuesday next, the 24th Instant, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Court-House, then and there to advise upon such Measures, as shall appear to be expedient, in Conformity to the Conduct of the Merchants of the principal Colonies on the Continent of America.—

From the Newport Mercury of October 16, 1769.

Mr. SOUTHWICK,

In Justice to myself and a Number of my Neighbours, living in the Country, I must beg the Favour of you to publish the following.

I AND my Neighbours, being perhaps as well meaning, (though not so knowing) as Mr. John Mein, or any of our Boston Brethren, have, for some Time past, for Want of proper Attention and distinguishing justly, been much puzzled with Mr. Mein's Publications, and almost ready to condemn our Boston Friends, the Sons of Liberty, as Deceivers and Imposers upon the Public.—But observing some of Mr. Mein's Papers lately with a more critical Eye, I found many of the Goods imported belonged to People out of Boston, some to those Enemies to their Country, who live in Boston, but absolutely refuse to come into the Agreement of Non-importation, and not an Article belonging to any who are known to have signed the Agreement.—So, said I to *myself*, what is all this stupid Publication for?——It makes nothing to the Purpose, according to my poor Apprehension. I told some Neighbours my Sentiments, who perfectly agreed with me, that the Retailing out, in a News-paper, a Number of Cargoes, as John Mein had done, without proving that they were imported by those who signed the Agreement of Non-Importation, was the most ridiculous Nonsense ever published, and a scandalous Imposition on the Subscribers for the Boston Chronicle, which heretofore has been puffed off as the grandest Vehicle of useful and entertaining Knowledge ever published in Europe, Asia, *Africa* or America.

Further, a great many of the Goods published in the Chronicle, viz, in said Chronicle, said to have been shipped a considerable Time before the Agreement of the Merchants in Boston took Place; And moreover some of the Vessels which brought those Goods are partly owned by Persons in Boston who oppose the Non-Importation Agreement, and partly by Persons in London; And consequently the publishing those Goods cannot, with any one of Half Two Grains of Sense, make a single IOTA against the Signers of the Agreement, and Sons of Liberty in Boston.——Now to turn Chatechiser, I will ask Mr. John Mein one single Question,

Mr. John Mein! What in the Name of Common Sense have you been plaguing your Customers about? It is expected you will answer this without the least Equivocation.

A Subscriber for the Boston Chronicle, which I intend to drop.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,
On WEDNESDAY NEXT,
Precisely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon,
At the House of Mrs. Elizabeth Checkley, in Hanover Street,
A Large and Valuable Collection
of Books, consisting chiefly of Divinity and History, being the Library of her late Husband the Rev. Mr. Samuel Checkley, junr. deceas'd,—Among which are the following celebrated Authors, viz.

Bishops Andrews Works
Cartwright on the New-Testament,
Burham on the Revelation.
Edwards Body of Divinity 2 Vols.
Calvin's Works, 5 Vols.
Clark's Lives.
Prideaux's Connections, 3 V
Josephus
Welles's sacred Geography 4 Vols.
Rushworth's Historical Collections.
Charnock's Works, 2 Vols.
Dr. Henry More's Works.
Patrick's Commentary on the Old Testament, 9 Vol.
Doddridge's Family Expositor, 6 Vols.
Dr. South's Sermons, 6 Vols. and his Posthum. Works
Ecchard's Roman and Ecclesiastical History.
Pool's Synopsis, 5 Vols.

With many other Authors, viz.

Owen, Sherlock, Wilkins, Clark, Danver's, Trapp, Atkins, Flemming, Alsop, Willard, &c. &c.

Too many to be here enumerated.

N. B. Attendance will be given at said House the Day before the Sale, to show said Library.

Wants to Hire,
£.50 or 100 Pounds, for which good Security will be given. Enquire of the Printers

(a) vid. molasses act pa. 9—Tea act page 735 Vol. 1 vid. their appointment page 148 Vol. 1. & Commission pa. 253 (b) vid. arrival of Troops &c pa. 263. (c) vid. pa. 719. (d) and each pa. 735. vol. 1.

1 Page 907 & 911. 1 Page 466 vide page 1101, vide page 463—831, &c
To Find the Agreement turn to the Index—vid. pa 64 9. (e) vid. agreem. pa. 199.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

Please to insert the following in your very useful Paper, and you'll oblige

EDGAR.

HAVING taken a retrospective view of the conduct (a) of the merchants of Boston, and those of the principal trading town in this, and every province on the continent, cannot but admire the peaceable and lawful measure they have voluntarily enter'd into, binding themselves not to import any the manufactures of Great-Britain, except such articles as they found they stood in absolute need of to promote industry within themselves, as the most natural means to interest Great-Britain in our behalf, after the repeated ineffectual measures of the people, in their private and legislative capacity, by humble petitions and remonstrances to restore to them their just rights and privileges; determining it seems to leave nothing unessay'd that was worthy a free and loyal people, whose misfortune has been to labour under base and false representations by the King's principal servants here, as it should seem not only to overset the basis of the English constitution, perhaps the most compleat, the best ever framed since government first formed its name, to secure freedom and property to the people, and due obedience from the people to the King; but in order to bring about this direful calamity, at once striking at the vitals of both, to alienate each the others affections, and build themselves on their ruin, whether any at home, or abroad, have been or are in league in this catastrophe, I will not determine, but could wish right reason were capable of clearing up my doubts.——The dissatisfaction of the colonies I presume to have been the foundation of such necessary inquisitions at home, as have for some time past appeared in private letters, as well as publications.——To progue this gangreen wound to the bottom, to restore the constitution and make a perfect cure, I apprehend it will be necessary for the whole continent to join as one man in discontinuance of importations of British manufactures, till the grievous Acts are totally repealed, the surgeons and physicians, of Great-Britain, reputation and interest, will lay at stake. The people averse to the dreadful calamities of a plague will all join with their petitions and prayers to avert the judgment.——The patience and virtues of this town in particular have shone perspicuous—what have they left unessay'd? what have they left untryed? what have they not suffered to free themselves, and insure freedom to their Posterity? have they not with a proper Contempt looked down upon little mercenary principles? have they not forgone all the interesting arguments of profits which wou'd have arisen from an accustomed spring, & autumnal importation of English manufactures to their great loss for upwards of ten months past, and having only 2 months to come to compleat the period of one entire year? Have they not almost universally come into a voluntary agreement to still discontinue their importations indefinite, 'till they and their countrymen in general are all restor'd to their former freedom, nor do they distrust their brethren of the other governments upon the continent—They place a generous confidence in their coming into similar measures, disdaining meanly to break the ice upon conditions. They have experienced their former ready acquiescence; and therefore it would be ungenerous to doubt it now.——I am a stranger, a European, but charm'd with the virtue and bravery of this people. Posterity must; they will be by them ranked with the worthies of Old Rome, and a thousand years hence this people will, Prophecy, be viewed by them as we do now those brave people which history has recorded.——But—to my sorrow do I view indeed a handful departed from the noble principles of this people, who at present withhold their aid and prefer the mammon.——But though a Stranger, let me conjure you, let me recommend your present welfare. Could you seperate your selves and import as usual heretofore, could you flatter yourself with the countenance of any one? much less their dealings with those that have withdrawn themselves from the Society, and become their Country's singular and mortal enemies.—I would you could say with truth—"I would die to procure its prosperity, and I would rather my posterity were cut off, than they should be Slaves; but as Providence at present requires none of those sacrifices, I content myself to discharge the ordinary duties of my station, and to exhort my neighbours to do the same, to endeavour as far as I'm able to preserve the public tranquility; and as I am a freeholder, to give my vote for the candidate whom I judge most worthy to serve his country: for if for any partial motive I should give my voice for one unworthy, I should think myself justly chargeable with guilt as he, who assists at a murder, is guilty of murder; so he who acts the lowest part in enslaving his country, is guilty of a much greater crime than murder; inasmuch as the murder of human nature, is a greater crime than the murder of a human creature, or as he who debaseth, and rendereth miserable the race of mankind, is more wicked than he who cutteth off an individual.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

I Observe a Piece in Mein's Paper of Thursday the 26th of October Instant, signed *A Scheemer*, instead of which Signature, if that Piece had been signed Samuel *Water Rat* it would have been the most exact fitted Character that has ever been seen, or that could possibly be described, with this Alteration only, that in the Piece you are to read "*One Commissioner*" instead of "*One General*"; and in order to recommend himself to Mein for the Purposes therein set forth, 'tis thought that Sammy drew the Characters of the *Well Disposed* exhibited in the same Paper, as a Specimen of his pretty Abilities in Characatura.

But one would have thought that a Remembrance of his own Father's surprising *Cowardice* (When Master of a Privateer) would have induced *the Water Rat* to omit his Attack upon that Quality in the Father of *Billy Gut Tom*, as he elegantly stiles him, I know that to mention the failings of the Dead, *in general* is not kind, but in the present Instance of Retalliation upon a worthless Incendiary it may be thought Excuseable.

A Handsome End of a House to be lett, with a good Yard, and Well of Water, near Liberty-Tree. Enquire of the Printers.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

I Send you a quotation from a pamphlet just publish'd and entitled "a Collection of original Papers relative to the History of the Colony of Massachusetts-Bay"; the *declared* intention of which is "to support or elucidate the principal Facts related in the first part of the History of Massachusetts-Bay, and may serve as an Appendix to it."

It is part of the Instructions given in 1645 to Sergeant Major Gibbons, Commander in Chief of the military forces, and such as were join'd with him in a Council of War; in the following words.

"You are to make faire Warres, without exercising Cruelty, and not to put to Death such as you shall take Captive, if you can bestow them without danger of your own. You are to use your best indeavours to gain the enemies cannowes, or utterly destroy them, and herein you may make good use of the Indians our confederates, as you may doe upon other occasions, having a due regard to the Honour of God who is both our Sword and Sheild, and to the distance which is to be observed betwixt Christians and Barbarians, as well in Warres as in other negociations."

No Words could have better expres'd the Humanity of the venerable Ancestors of this Country, than such as they have chosen in these Instructions—wherein the Commander of the forces is strictly enjoin'd not to enter into any Wars at all, but such as could be justified in good conscience, nor to exercise any Cruelty in the prosecution of a just and necessary War: He is positively forbid to put any of the Enemy to Death, if their Lives could be spared consistent with the Safety and without endangering their own. And these directions are enforc'd upon him from a regard to the Honor of "God who hath made of one Blood all Nations of Men for to dwell on all the face of the Earth", and whose promise of being both a Sword and a Shield to all such as appeal to Him in a righteous Cause, render'd it not only unnecessary, but the greatest Absurdity for them to counteract the universal Benevolence of the common father of mankind towards all his Creatures: and there is a further Injunction contain'd in these excellent Instructions to regard the precepts and example of *Him* who was sent into the world, "not to destroy but to save Mens Lives"—The *Morality* of the English was to exceed that of the Indians, who being invelop'd in Darkness, had by their Customs distinguish'd themselves "as Children of Wrath": and by all possible Conformity in their manners to the true sentiments of the Gospel, as well when they were oblig'd for their own defence to carry on a War, as in other negociations with those Indians who were their Confederates, they were to make it evident that a system of morals was there held up far exceeding what was taught by the most *civilis'd* Heathen, and therefore to be sure, that a Distance would always be observ'd betwixt the Behavior of *Christians* who *acted up* to their principles, and of those who were not only Heathen but *Barbarians*.—— This I take to be the genuine meaning of the Instructions: I was therefore astonish'd when I read in the margin of this pamphlet a note in the following expressions. "*It seems strange that Men who profess'd to believe that "God had made of one Blood all nations of men for to "dwell on the face of the Earth should so early and upon "every occasion take Care to preserve this Distinction.* And the Annotator proceeds, "*Perhaps nothing has more ef-"fectually defeated the Endeavors for christianizing the "Indians. It seems to have done more: To have sunk "their spirits, led them to Intemperance and extirpated "the whole Race*".——This Construction appears to me so unnatural, and forced, and even inconsistent, and it is express'd in Terms which convey such a heavy as well as unjust Charge on our excellent Fore-fathers, that were it not that the Author of the History who it is suppos'd is the Editor of this Collection, had *profess'd* to be their *friend*, I should conclude that he was some *secret Enemy* who had made a sacrifice of *truth* and *common sense* to blacken their memory.

A NEW-ENGLAND MAN.

ANECDOTES *for the Amusement of the* CABAL.

Continued. from page 715

5. A Lady the other day, in conversation highly approving of a late celebrated *epithalamium*, observ'd that among the other "*rights*", therein mentioned, *right wenlock* might have been added.

"A wen looks big and swells
Is senseless, and just nothing else.

6. *Ex quo vis signo Mercurius non sit.* Long since rend'er'd "*Jack will never make a Gentleman*"!

7. Resident Embassadors are but tolerated spies; other spies on foreign Courts and Countries, on detection are treated as they deserve, and hanged on the first tree!

8. 'Tis thought his *Danish* Majesty will soon give peremptory orders to all in power thro' his dominions on the discovery of any *George Cornells*, or any of the employers of such within the same, to take effectual care to tuck him or them up before he or they can say *Jack Robinson*!

9. Their *High Mightinesses* have already given orders, that all such be apprehended, their effects confiscated, their vile bodies to be transported to drudge in the Rasp-houses of *Holland* 'till their viler souls shall be call'd for, to be rasp'd below.

10. Similar orders have issued from the Court of *Versailles*, *Madrid* and *Lisbon*. The body to be perpetually imprisoned in the Gallies. Inquisition—in the mines, or in other dens and caves & dreary places of confinement, where the *soul* must necessarily and incessantly, but in vain, call on the rocks, the mountains and caves to fall on and cover them. After this nothing remains but to send them in any shape to *Wales* or *Scotland*; for——they hope not!——they fear not.

To be continued.

The Public may be assured,

That no Person whatsoever has the Small Pox in this Town or the Symptoms of the Distemper.

By Order of the Select-Men,

WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk*.

Boston, October 30, 1769.

NEW-YORK, October 23.

On a Review of the Boston News-Papers, it appears to several impartial Persons, that the People of the Massachusetts-Bay, are not in general such true hearted Patriots, as they pretend, or else that the Sons of Liberty, have less Influence there than in other Capitals of America; it seems that Mr. John Mein, a Printer of a Paper called the Boston Chronicle, has for several Weeks, openly bid Defiance to the Committee of Merchants, and in his Paper continually opposed, villified, aspersed, chastechised, dictated to, and hectored the Non-Importers;——and for which he must have a Number of Abettors; seeing so many continue to take his Paper, as enables him to continue; whereas had any Printer in New-York dared to say half as much, he would not had as many Customers left, as would have saved him from Destruction: Happy is it for Mr. Mein, that he does not reside in New-York, or he would long ago have met with a suitable Reward.—There are but three open Importers now left at Boston, of which Mr. Mein is one, and what must make his Conduct the more ungrateful is, that he came a Stranger among them but a few Years ago, and has met with greater Encouragement than any of the Natives, tho' his Paper, notwithstanding the most pompous Pretensions, is at best but a *Mean* one, at the same Time he is insolently flying in the Face, and running directly counter to the Sense of every real Patriot on this Continent.

BOSTON October 30.

We are desired to insert the following Paragraphs of the Province Law made in the 26th Year of George *the Second.*

"*Be it enacted*, That if any Persons being more than three in Number, and being armed all or either of them with Sticks, Clubs, or any Kind of Weapons, or disguised with Vizards (so called) or painted or discoloured Faces, or being in any other Manner disguised, shall assemble together having any Imagery or Pageantry with them as a public Shew, in any of the Streets or Lanes of the Town of *Boston*, or any other Town within this Province, or if any Person or Persons being of or belonging to any Company, having any Kind of Imagery or Pageantry for a public Shew, shall by Menaces or otherwise exact, require, demand, or ask, any Money or other Thing of Value from any of the Inhabitants or other Persons in the Streets, Lanes, or Houses of any Town within this Province, every Person being of or assembled with such Company, shall for each Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of *Forty Shillings*, or suffer Imprisonment not exceeding one Month; or if the Offender shall be Negro Servant, he may be whipped not exceeding Ten Stripes, at the Discretion of the Justice before whom the Trial shall be.

"*And be it further Enacted*, That if any Persons to the Number of Three, or more, between Sun-setting and Sun-rising, being assembled together in any of the Streets or Lanes of any Town within this Province, shall have any Kind of Imagery or Pageantry for a publick Shew, altho' none of the Company so assembled shall be be armed or disguised, or exact, demand, or ask any Money or any Thing of Value, every Person being of such Company shall forfeit & pay the Sum of *Forty Shillings*, or suffer Imprisonment not exceeding one Month; or if the Offender shall be a Negro Servant, in Lieu of the Imprisonment, he may be whipped not exceeding Ten Stripes, at the Discretion of the Justice before whom the Trial shall be."

IT is worth noticing with Pleasure, that the Fifth of November has ever since the UNION in 1765 been observ'd with great Decorum. There have been no Instances since that Time, whatever may have been before, of Persons appearing on the Evening after "*with their Faces disguis'd—armed with Clubs, and in a very insolent Manner demanding Money of the Inhabitants, or greatly injuring their Persons or Estates on their Refusal*:"—On the contrary, the whole Pageantry has been over at Sunset, as it is hoped it ever will be for the future. It is possible that his H——r the C. J. not having constantly resided in this Town, might have been misinformed with Regard to this Matter, and from thence induced to call the J——s of the Town together, and strictly charge them to exert themselves to prevent such Disorders on the ensuing Fifth of November: But it is strange that no Notice was taken of the *more alarming* Attacks upon the Persons and Estates of the Inhabitants of this Town, which have been made these thirteen Months past.—We have heard of Persons (and they too who it is said are come to be the *Conservators of the Peace!*) —One exciting the Blacks to an Insurrection——Another with a Number *armed with Bayonets*, breaking into a Freeman's House in the Night.—Others knocking down the Inhabitants, cutting and wounding them with edged Weapons; Rescues violently made by the Military, of Prisoners out of the Hand of Justice; and even the last Week a Number of armed Assassins attacking Mr. Pierpoint, and knocking him down in his Yard; a Soldier firing his Musquet *charged with Ball* upon innocent People in the Street; another, when a Number of Persons were pursuing the *designed* Murderer, threatening to run them through the Body if they advanc'd *in the Street* a Step further, and actually wounding a Man with his Bayonet; and even an Officer, as the Witness swore, ordering the Soldiers if any Person offer'd to touch them after they were dismiss'd, to run him thro'!! This looks as if the *Tragedy of St. George's Fields* was soon to be acted in the Streets of Boston—Amidst all these alarming Dangers, we find nothing published with any appearance of *authority*, but paragraphs of a law against *Pageantry* and *publick Shews*; with a *particular* view to the Fifth of November *next ensuing*—— This is no doubt praise-worthy, and I dare say the Justices of the Town will have the Assistance of the Inhabitants if any Disorders *should happen* on that Evening; but whether the C. J. *hinted in the least* at the raging Disorders before-mentioned or not, it certainly would not have been thought *unreasonable*, if they had upon this Occasion borne their full Testimony against them.

Thursday last JOSIAH QUINCY, Junr. Esq; was married to Miss ABIGAIL PHILLIPS, eldest Daughter of WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Esq; of this Town, Merchant.

Last Week FRANCIS GREEN, Esq; was married to Miss SUCKY GREEN of this Town.

Thursday the 23d of November next, it appointed by Authority to be kept as a Day of general THANKSGIVING, throughout the Province of New-Hampshire.

Last Tuesday sailed the Capts. Lyde and Briant for London, and the Day following Capt. Brown. In Capt. Briant went Passengers, Samuel Venner, Esqr and Family, and Mr. Patrick Smith, the Factor who bro't some Goods here from London, but afterwards agreed with the Merchants to return with his Goods, on their paying his Passage, and the Freight and Insurance of the Goods home, which was complied with.

Wednesday last our most gracious Sovereign King GEORGE the Third entered the Tenth Year of his Reign: On this Anniversary of his Majesty's Accession to the Throne the Guns at Castle William and at the Batteries in this Town were fired at Noon; His Majesty's 14th and 29th Regiments were on the Common at the same Time, and each fired three Vollies: On this Occasion also the Company of the Train of Artillery belonging to the Regiment of Militia in this Town mustered on their Parade, and fired a Royal Salute; after which the said Company went thro' their Evolutions and Firings, in order to compleat the Times required by Law for Trainings: Their Performances were to great Acceptation.

At One o'Clock his Majesty's Ship Rose in this Harbour fired on the Occasion.

Last Wednesday Evening a very melancholy Occurrence happened in this Town, as JONATHAN LOWDER, Post-Rider from Boston to Hartford, with Mr. Hide, each of them on Horse-back, were riding through a narrow Lane between Summer-street and Pond-Lane, just below the New-South Meeting-House, Mr. Hide discovering a Truckman endeavouring to clear his Trucks that had got entangled with a Cart, went on the opposite Side, expecting Mr. Lowder to follow; but the Truckman pulling his Horse's Head over that Way Mr. Lowder endeavoured to pass the other Side; when one of the Shafts striking against his Horse, startled him and threw him off, and struck his Head against the Wheel, which went over his right Shoulder, down his Side: Mr. Hide immediately dismounted, and carried him into a House that was nigh, and Surgeons were immediately sent for: He had his Senses till they came in, but died in about an Hour. His Funeral was attended Saturday Afternoon.

The Accident happened on the Birth-Day of Mr. Lowder, having compleated 56 Years.

He returned the Beginning of last Week from Philadelphia, having been employed by Mr. Hancock to attend him on his Tour thither. He was well known and respected in those Places where he has been employed to do Business.

A certain Gentleman at a late *Convocation*, was heard to say, that if the Pageantry usually made on the Fifth of November, *was not* an actual Breach of the Peace, it had a Tendency to it, and therefore he should publickly bear his Testimony against it; but if his W—p was not *totally ignorant* of the high-handed Offences that have been almost daily committed, since the Troops arrived in Town, *for the Support of Government*, yet he did not think proper to mention one Word on that Head.——It is hoped however, that the UNION still subsists, and that the Disorders *so much fear'd by some*, the *great Danger* of which has occasioned such *extraordinary* Precaution *at this Time*, *will not* happen—as it is certain *they have not*, for some Years past, notwithstanding what is *publickly insinuated* to the contrary—The *Inhabitants*, it may be depended upon, will be ready to assist "the Justices of the Town of Boston," *whenever they shall think proper*, jointly or separately to call upon them, to suppress Disorders of ANY KIND whatever, and we have Reason to expect, that the J—ts of the S—r C— will *for the future* countenance those inferior Magistrates, *some* of whom, to their Honor be it said, are vigilant, active and *intrepid* in the Execution of their *important* Trust.

By a Gentleman from Philadelphia we are informed, that the Merchants at Virginia and Maryland so strictly adhere to their Agreements relative to Non-Importation, that they will receive no Goods from that City but what the Captain of the Vessel who brings them can produce a Certificate that they were legally imported there before the Agreement took Place; accordingly a Committee of 22 of the principal Merchants of Philadelphia were appointed to attend that Business, and grant Certificates for that Purpose, to such Persons as should have Occasion to send European Goods to either of those Places.

On Friday last were interred the Remains of Captain Daniel Malcom of this Town Merchant, who died a few Days before in the 44th Year of his Age. By Means of his honest Industry, he left his Family in good Circumstances. And tho' this Gentleman was one whom the Nettleham Baronet had stigmatiz'd in his *infamous* Letters, his Funeral was attended by a long Train of his Fellow-Citizens, as a Token of Respect to the Family of one who in his Life was zealously attached to the Liberties of his Country.

One Day last Week the Committee of Inspection were told that certain unallow'd Articles of British Goods were bro't here from New-York by the Way of Casco-Bay—They apply'd to Capt. Cox the Master of the Vessel who inform'd them that the Goods had been ship'd from New-York to Falmouth in Casco, but the Inhabitants there, upon hearing of it would not suffer them to be sold. Capt. Cox further says that the Owner apply'd to him, and made him offers of a handsome Reward if he would bring him and his Goods to Marblehead or Boston, but he refus'd, tho' they were bro't down to the Vessel, disdaining to act a Part so inimical to his country—The Man it is said is gone with his Goods into the Indian Country.

The Chest of Tea mentioned in our last to be returned from Marblehead, we are credibly inform'd, has since found its Way over to Malden; from whence we hear it was transported to Marblehead early last Saturday Morning, by an Hireling of the Person who formerly carried the same; but whether as *Bread* or TEA, our worthy Friends at Marblehead will probably give a good Account.

In our last, under the Philadelphia Head, we mentioned one James Hedges as having cut his Wife's Throat from Ear to Ear, and made his Escape.—A Person answering said Name, and description exactly, especially in having one of his Feet cut, and having on a Pair of blue Plush Breeches, was seen to pass thro' Charlestown last Thursday or Friday, on his Way to Newbury, which 'tis said is his native Place, and where 'tis not doubted he will be apprehended.

The large French Ship, which put in here some Time ago in Distress, having been refitted, is sailed for France.

Saturday Afternoon, a Person who lately belonged to the Sloop Liberty, and came round to this Place in the Sloop Success from Rhode Island, and soon after his Arrival informed of her having a Cask or two of Wine on board, which occasioned the Vessel's being seiz'd, was discovered and pursued, but took Shelter in a House where he secreted himself till the beginning of the Evening, when thinking the Coast clear he ventured out, but the Avenues to the House being strictly watched the whole of the Time, he was immediately seized upon by the Populace, and soon placed in a Cart, his Jacket and Shirt taken off, and his naked Skin well tarr'd and feather'd; they oblig'd him to hold a large Glass Lanthorn in his Hand that People might see the doleful Condition he was in, and deter others from such infamous Practices:—He was then carted from the Town-House thro' the main Street up to Liberty Tree, amidst a vast Concourse of People, where he was made to swear never to be guilty of the like Crime for the future; but in their going thither, as they pass'd Mein and Fleming's Printing-Office a Gun was fired from thence and two others snap'd at them just as they got by, upon which some of the Company rushed into the Office in order to secure the Offenders, but they had fled; however they bro't off three Guns, two of them well charg'd, as Evidences against them whenever they can be taken:—This imprudent Conduct of those in the Printing Office (for what Reason we know not, as no injury seemed designed them) did not interrupt the Carting the feather'd Informer thro' the principal Streets in Town for about three Hours, when they bro't him back to Kingstreet, and after renewing his Obligation of behaving better for time to come, and asking Pardon for his past Offence, he was dismissed without further Damage, after having his Cloaths returned him again, and then all peaceably dispersed about Nine o'Clock.

Extract of a Letter.

"*The dispute at Newport about importation runs high—Nothing is yet agreed to by the merchants. However, the arrival of a vessel now daily expected with goods I believe will settle the matter. By the best judgment I can form they will not suffer them to be landed! Tho' they have too long neglected this matter, they have been pretty unanimous in disputing the Fees with their Collector, &c. That they have been very busy in killing* Flies *while they should have been destroying* Wolves *and* Tygers!"

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman of Note in a neighbouring Province, dated October 11, 1769.

"THE Patriotism of Boston will be revered through every Age in which the least Spark of Liberty remains: Every Effort they make is attended with Honor—The Sons of Tyranny fly before them——The being enrolled with Infamy, however some may effect to despise it, carries a deadly Sting to Family Honors—They feel and tremble at what Posterity shall say of them—They know it will be felt by their Childrens Children for ever.——A H—h—n cannot bear the Thought—The young and tender willows, tho' covered and overspread by their lofty Size, became suppliant, crouch and fawn."——

The COMET has been seen several Evenings past between 8 and 9 o'Clock in the West. *vid pa. 726.*

(Several New and Old Advertisements we are oblig'd to omit this Week for want of Room.)

Good *Newcastle*, & other Smith's COALS,— TO BE SOLD BY

SCOTT and GILL,

ALSO,

NAIL-Rods, choice Philadelphia Pigg & Bar Iron; and a large Assortment of English and American GRINDSTONES, to be sold very cheap.

WANTED,

Bills of Exchange on London,

from one to three Hundred Pounds Sterling—Enquire at the INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

TO BE SOLD BY

Hammatt & Brown,

At their Shop in Union-Street, near the Cordfields;

BOHEA TEA by the Chest, Hundred or Dozen, of the last Year's Importation. Also Hyson and Souchong Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Loaf and Brown Sugars, Raisins, Currants, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Salt-Petre, Indigo, Starch, Rice, Snuff, Mustard, Flask-Oyl, Cotton-Wool, Wool-Cards, Velvet Corks.

ALSO, Neat Assortment of plain, flower'd and Cut Glass China and Stone Ware, Mahogany Tea Chests and Bottle Stands, Lynn Shoes, &c. with a small Invoice of English Goods.

Andrew Barclay,

At the Sign of the GILT BIBLE in Cornhill,

INFORMS his Customers and others, that he is Remov'd from his Shop North Side of the Three Kings, to the other Side of the Way nearly opposite to the Heart and Crown, about half Way between the old Brick Meeting and Dr. Sewall's, where he binds all Sorts of Books, gilt or plain, in the neatest and best Manner, Gentlemen or Ladies who please to favour him with their Custom may depend upon being served cheap, with Fidelity and Dispatch.

N. B. At the same Place may be had a Variety of Books in Divinity, History, Pamphlets, Plays, Tansur and William's Singing Books, Spelling Books, Psalters, Primers, Psalm Books, and many others too tedious to mention.

Choice *Liverpool* SALT to be Sold on Board the Ship John, Thomas Ashburn, Master, lying at Hancock's Wharf. Inquire of James Pitts.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A SLOOP or SCHOONER of about 70 Tons; either to purchase or hire.——Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD

On THURSDAY next.

By **Benjamin Church,**

At his usual Place of Sale;

A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths, Forest Cloths, Kerseys, Ratteens, Camblets, Tammies, Irish Holland, Checks, Bed Ticken, Callicoes, Stampt Cotton Linnen, Kenting, Linnen and Barcelona Handkerchiefs, Mens and Womens Hose, Breeches Patterns, &c. Some House Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Silver Watches, &c. &c.

N. B. Half a Dozen neat Mahogany Chair Frames.

On WEDNESDAY next,

At Ten o'Clock in the Morning,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Auction-Room in Queen-street,

—A Variety of GOODS,—

Among which are,—Irish Linnens, stript Camblets, Manchester Checks, Check Handkerchiefs, Bedticks, Oznabrigs, Silk Twist, a great Variety of Metal Coat and Breast Buttons, Necklaces, a large Quantity of Snuff Boxes, &c. &c. &c.

J. Russell, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY next, Ten o'Clock.

WANTED,

A sober honest Man, who thoro'ly understands the Care of a Grist-Mill. Any Person that can be well recommended, may hear of Employ by enquiring of *Joseph Gould* of *Lynn*—None other need apply.

Stolen out of a House near the Common, Friday Evening between the Hours of 7 & 9, a plain Silver Cream Pot, with the London Stamp, and a Lyon rampant Crest engraved on the Body of the Pot; also two Hats, one of them with a Cockade, &c. of the 29th Regiment, the other a plain Hat; two Quart Decanters full of Wine, and some other Articles. Whoever will discover the Thief so as to bring him to Justice, shall receive SIX DOLLARS Reward from the Printers hereof.

Boston, October 28, 1769.

A Quantity of Moose Skins, neatly dress'd, to be Sold cheap for Cash, or any Thing else that will suit: Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Tuesday November the 7th,

At Ten o'Clock Forenoon,

Will be sold by public Auction, at the Auction-Room opposite the West End of Faneuil-Hall Market, a great Variety of House-Furniture, viz.

MAhogany Leather-bottom Chairs, Mahogany square and round Tables, Blackwalnut Case of Draws, Buroe Tables, Mehogany Desk, Sacking-bottom Bedsteads, Feather Bed and Bolsters, Coverlids & Blankets, Looking-Glasses, blue and white Burnt China, some small Articles of wrought Plate, Delph Ware, Pictures under Glass, a handsome Jack, Pewter, Brass, Tin, Copper and Iron Kitchen Furniture, and a great Variety of other Articles.

N. B. The above Goods may be seen at the Vendue-Office the Day before the Sale, where Attendance will be given. M. DESHON, Auctioneer.

ON TUESDAY NEXT,

Will be Sold by public Vendue, at the New Auction Room at the Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane, Over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store,

A Variety of Goods,——Among which are,

BRoad Cloth, German Serges, Kerseys, Breeches Patterns, Mens Worsted Hose, Irish Linnens, Cotton and Linnen Checks, Bed Ticken, silk cotton and kenting Handkerchiefs, Watches and Silver Sleeve Buttons, with a Variety of different Kinds of Hard Ware, &c.

Also, a likely Negro Man, about 28 Years of Age.

WILLIAM HUNTER, Auctioneer.

N. B. Any Gentlemen, &c. who please to favour him with their Business, are desired to send their Goods, and they may depend upon his best Endeavours to serve them in or out of Doors, on the most reasonable Terms.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, BOSTON.

ENTERED IN. *from*

Schooner Neptune, Rathbun, Rhode-Island; Schooner Greenville, Starret, and Sloop Vicry, Grow, Annapolis-Royal; Schooner Endeavor, Sayer, Schooner Lion, Thompson, Schooner Lucy, Nickerson, Schooner Wellfleet, Rich, Schooner Charming Molly, Lewis, Canso; Brig. Henry, Dean, Surinam; Brig. Molly, Cobb, Dominica and St. Eustatia; Ship John, Ashburn, Liverpool; Brig. Molley, Howland, Newfoundland; Schooner Susanna, Haynes, St. Croix; Sloop Molly, Luce, Philadelphia.

CLEARED OUT. *for*

Schooner Barsheba, Rich, Annapolis-Royal; Brig. Commodore Hood, Cummings, & Sloop Hannah, Hancock, New-London; Sloop Hannah, Bears, Philadelphia; Sloop Windsor, Avery, Nova-Scotia; Sloop Remembrance, Smith, St. Croix; Ship America, Boas, Truro; Brig. William, Rotch, London; Brig. Lydia, Bishop, Liverpool.

OUTWARD BOUND. *for*

Ship Nancy, Orr, Greenock; Brig. Ann Penny, Vincent, Jamaica; Brig. Peggy and Hannah, Mayo, Brig. Polly, Mackay, and Brig. Numble-nine-pence, Cartwright, West-Indies; Snow Fair Lady, Gwinn, Africa; Schooner Polly, Olds, Sloop Charming Hannah, Punchard, New-Haven; Sloop New Hope, Selew, New-London; Snow Pembroke, Cockran, West-Indies.

Buried in the Town of Boston since our last,

Eleven Whites. No Blacks.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, One.

High Water at Boston, for this present Week.

Monday, 27 *m. after* 12		*Friday*, 20 *m. after* 3	
Tuesday, 12 *m. after* 1		*Saturday*, 6 *m. aft.* 4	
Wednesday, 53 *m. aft.* 1		*Lord's-day*, 47 *m. aft.* 4	
Thursday, 37 *m. aft.* 2		*First Qr.* 6 *Day*, 2 *Aft.*	

(6) Turn to 4e Index to Find their agreem.

11 Supposed to be at the Council, where the Justices met & Worship * *Justices of the Superior Court* = *Page 697* § *Hutchinson v Ditto Children, Th.° & Elisha.* ‡ *Gov.r Barnard.* ¶ *Pa 847* 3 *Vid Journal of Times pa. 323 &c.* (a) *vid. arrival of Troops &c pa. 263*

— *Auction-Hall,—King-Street,*—

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given ——— That

JOHN GERRISH

Has *Removed* his Public Vendue Office from the North-End,——to

Auction-Hall

In King-Street, close by the Town-House, and opposite the Royal 'Change, Boston: ——All Favours and Preference from his Friends; from Gentlemen Strangers, and others, conferred on him, (in the *Character* of Public-Vendue-Maiter, or *Auctioneer*) will be most gratefully accepted.

If it may be most agreeable to his *Employers*, as he hopes it will be, he would chuse for the future, to hold his public Auctions, at his *Public Vendue Office*, in *Auction Hall, chiefly* in the *Day Time*—All *Gentlemen*, &c —who have any Business for him to do Now,——may please to send their Goods, and Orders to his Vendue Office in said *Auction-Hall*; and they may depend (without Scruple) upon his best *Endeavours to serve* them *faithfully* on all Accounts.

He also stands ready to do any VENDUE JOBBS, at any other Place, or Part of the Town, upon very reasonable Terms. JOHN GERRISH.

N. B — The abovementioned *Auction-Hall* is very large and commodious, where rich and genteel *Houshold Furniture*, &c. may be put up, and placed *in the best Point of Light*, either for public or private Sale.

Ready for the PRESS,

A REPLY to Dr. Chandler's "Appeal defended"; wherein his Mistakes are rectified, his false Arguing refuted, and the OBJECTIONS against the PLANNED AMERICAN EPISCOPATE shewn to remain in full Force, notwithstanding all he has offered to render them invalid. By CHARLES CHAUNCY, D. D.
Pastor of the First Church in Boston.

"When such as OUR DIOCESANS sprang up, the Church was presently broke into Pieces, and by odious Contentions and Divisions became a Scandal and Scorn to Unbelievers. To read but the Acts of Councils, and the History of the Church, and there find the horrid Contentions of Prelates against each other; the Parties which they made; their running up and down the World to Princes, and Rulers, and Synods, to bear down one another; it will do as much to grieve and amaze the Soul of a sober Christian, as almost any History in the World he can peruse."
Baxter's Treatise of Episcopacy, P. 165.

N. B. This Work will be committed to the Press, when American Paper can be procured, which it is hoped will be very soon.

TO BE SOLD,

A few Casks of Claret, a few small

Casks of French Brandy, and some best Castile Soap in Boxes. Enquire of JOHN HOMER, at Store No. 2, on the Long-Wharff. tbctf.

TO BE LETT,

A convenient Shop, with the

Cellar under it, near Dr. Sewall's Church. The Person that hires it, may board in the same House. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE LETT,

The large Store, Wharff & Dock,

late belonging to Capt. *Atherton Haugh*, South of King-Street. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

A strong Draft Mare, about 12

Hands high, and about 7 Years old, Trots and Paces. For further Particulars, inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

A Large commodious Brick Dwelling-House, accommodated with a good Shop, a Garden Spot, a convenient Yard, good Well, and a Cistern for Rain Water; situate in Ann-Street Boston, measuring on said Street 38 Feet, running back on Paddy's Alley so called 150 Feet. The said House has lately been put in genteel Repair, and is well known to be as advantageously situated for Trade and Business, as perhaps any in the Town.—For further Particulars, inquire of the Rev. Mr. Tyler at Dedham, Mr. Charles Pelham at Newton, Capt. John Gore, or Capt. John Joy in Boston.

WE the Subscribers being appointed Commissioners by the honorable Samuel Danforth, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of Middlesex, to receive and examine the Claims of the several Creditors to the Estate of Mr. Caleb Dana, jun. late of Cambridge, in said County, Yeoman, deceased, represented Insolvent; and Six Months being allowed said Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts——THESE are therefore to give Notice, that we shall attend that Service at the House of Mr. Daniel Dana, Innholder in Cambridge, on the last Monday of this and the five next succeeding Months, from Two to Eight of the Clock in the Afternoon on said Days.

Cambridge, Octo. 10, 1769. Thos. Gardner, Abra'm. Watson, jun. } Commissioners.

Publick Notice is hereby given,

That we the Subscribers, being appointed Commissioners, to examine the Claims of the several Creditors to the Estate of Mr. Perez Tillson, late of Plimouth, Trader, deceas'd, shall attend that Service, at the House of Mr. Thomas Southworth Howland, Innholder in Plimouth, on the last Tuesday of this and the five next following Months, between the Hours of Two and Eight of the Clock in the Afternoon of each of said Days.

Plimouth, the 6th October, 1769. Jonathan Diman, Ephraim Spooner.

STray'd or stolen from the Barn of David Wood of Charlestown, on the 16th Instant, a red Roan Mare, 4 Years old, about 13 Hands and half high, Paces chiefly. Whoever takes up said Mare, and will return her to said Wood, or to Thomas Edes, at the South End of Boston, shall be well rewarded for their Trouble.

Robert Gould

Earnestly desires all who are indebted to him on Book, Note or Bond, to make immediate Payment; otherways they must expect their Debts will absolutely be put in suit at next January Court, without any Exception.

BOSTON 5th October, 1769.

Timothy White,

Takes this Method to acquaint his Customers and Others, that he has remov'd his Shop of Books, Stationary and Hard Ware Goods, next to Mr. John Salter's, Brazier, near the Conduit.——Where Constant Attendance is given.

CASH to be given for good POT & PEARL ASHES, by GEORGE ERVING.
October 16, 1769.

TO BE SOLD,

By Thomas Stoddard, *&* Com.

At their Store the North Side of the Town-Dock;

RICE, Beef and Pork, American Hemp & Cordage, Indigo, Brazillito and Logwood, Pitch, Tar and Turpentine, Deer-Skins, Sole-Leather, Smith Coals, Salt, Iron Hollow Ware, &c. &c.

Just Re-printed,

And to be Sold by PHILIP FREEMAN, in Union-Street, facing the Cornfields, near the Dock, and by Mr. THOMAS BROMFIELD, in King-Street.

Mr. BOWMAN's Seven SERMONS

on our lost State in Adam, and on our Recovery by Jesus Christ, and the Necessity of Regeneration and Sanctification by the Holy Ghost, with a Letter to a Clergyman.
By THOMAS BOWMAN, M. A.
Vicar of Martham, Norfolk.
Price TWO PISTAREENS.

To be SOLD or LETT,

The Royall Oak Tavern House

(so called) in *Medford*, with the Barn, Shop, Store-House, Candle-House, &c. well situated for Trade and Tavern, being in the most commodious Place in the Town: For further Particulars, inquire of *Hugh Floyd* in said *Medford*.

THREE GUINEAS Reward.

Whereas the Dwelling-House of me the Subscriber was broke into last Wednesday Night by some audacious Villain, who had the Boldness to come into my Bed-Chamber, and Stole from thence a Silver Watch, (the Maker's Name Perrier*) a Pair of Silver Knee Buckles, and about £. 50 old Tenor in Money, among which there was a four Pistole Piece, full weight, that look'd remarkably new, the rest chiefly Quarter of Dollars. Whoever will discover the Thief so that he may be brought to Justice, shall have* THREE GUINEAS *Reward.*
JAMES PERKINS.

N. B. An Ax was left in the Yard.
Boston, October 16, 1769.

TO BE SOLD BY

Giles Harris,

A House in Lynn-Street near Captain Greenwood's Mast-Yard—A Gold Watch—A Silver Watch—Silver-hilted Sword—Mehogany Case of Drawers and Table—Inquire for said Harris near Dr. Elliot's Meeting-House, North-End of Boston.

N. B. Said Harris has to Let, in Charter-Street, a genteel House, consisting of a Parlour and Kitchen, with Yard, Garden, and Pump, very covenient for a Family. Also, a Pair of Cart Wheels.

All Persons indebted to, or that

have any Demands on the Estate of Capt. *George Henderson*, late of *Boston*, Marriner, deceas'd, are desired to bring them to *Joseph Henderson*, of said *Boston*, Executor to said Estate.

All Persons indebted to, or that

have any Demands on the Estate of Captain Timothy Parker, late of Falmouth in the County of Barnstable, Marriner, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Edward Carnes of Boston, Attorney to Rachel Parker, Executrix to said Estate, in Order for a Settlement.
Boston, October 10, 1769.

All Persons indebted to, or that

have any Demands on the Estate of Mr. *Jabez Searle*, late of *Boston*, Housewright, deceas'd, are desir'd to bring in their Accounts to *Sarah Searle*, sole Executrix to said Estate, in Order for a speedy Settlement.
Boston, October 16, 1769.

All Persons indebted to, or that

have any Demands on the Estate of *Seth Webber*, late of *Boston*, Cordwainer, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to *Sarah Webber*, Administratrix on said Estate, in Order for Settlement.

WHEREAS on Friday Night last some evil-minded Person or Persons boarded two Schooners, the one belonging to Simeon Whipple and Company, the other to Capt. Patterson, lying at Capt. Dawes's Wharff, and maliciously cut the Sails of each into Rags; Any Person who will discover the Villain or Villains, so that he or they may be brought to Justice, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward,—and if an Accomplice, shall have the same Reward, paid by
Boston, Oct. 16, 1769. SIMEON WHIPPLE.

TO BE LETT,

(Fronting on Beer-Lane and Back-Street, being the corner House a little to the Northward of the Baptist Meeting-House at the Northerly Part of Boston, and in the present Occupation of Mrs. West.)

A handsome Tenement, with a

Yard, Pump and other Accommodations.—The lower Appartments are at present fitted for a Shopkeeper.—— If any Person should incline to purchase rather than hire the said Tenement, it will be sold, together with the Tenement, &c. adjoining. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

Christian Remick, lately from *Spain*,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, That he performs all sorts of Drawing in Water Colours, such as Sea Pieces, Perspective Views, Geographical Plans of Harbours, Sea-Coasts, &c.—Also, Colours Pictures to the Life, and Draws Coats of Arms at the most reasonable Rates.——Specimens of his Performances, particularly an accurate View of the Blockade of Boston, with the landing the British Troops on the first of October 1768, may be seen at the Golden-Ball and the Bunch of Grapes Taverns, or at Mr. Thomas Bradford's, North-End, Boston.

Daniel MacNeill,

Saddler and Cap-maker from DUBLIN,
A few Doors below the British Coffee-House in King-Street, BOSTON;

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public, he makes and sells the following Articles at the lowest Rate for Cash, viz. Neat welted and plain Hunting Saddles, Forest Saddles without Iron or Wood, much esteem'd for Ease, Ladies Hunting Side Saddles, Gold and Silver Lac'd Furniture, Livery Furniture, Pistol Cases & Holsters with Furniture, Saddles and Bridles of all Sorts, Morocco and Buff Sword Belts, Portmanteaus and Saddle Bags, with every Article in the Sadlery Branch, in the neatest and genteelest Manner, with Fidelity and Dispatch: As he has had the Advantage of many Years Practice in the most principal Shops in Dublin and Towns adjacent, will engage to make any Piece of Work as compleat as can be imported: All Favours received will be gratefully acknowledged by their humble Servant,
DANIEL MAC NEILL.

TO BE SOLD,

A Schooner of about 60 or 70

Tons Burthen, well found, now lying at Capt. Haugh's Wharfe. For further Particulars enquire of the Hon. James Pitts, Esq;

Best Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LINDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting House*. He also sells the *best Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Best *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

TO BE SOLD BY

Abigail Davidson,

In Seven Star Lane, *BOSTON*,

This Fall or next Spring,
A large Collection of the best Sorts of young grafted and innoculated Fruit Trees, such as

CHERRIES, Pears, Peaches, Plumbs, Apricots, Nectarines, Apples, Quinces, Lime-Trees, English Elm Trees, Grape-Vines of all Sorts, red & white Dutch Currant Bushes, Box for Edgings of Walks.——Also, Garden Seeds raised here, which are more suitable for the West-Indies than any imported.—Also, dry'd Sweet Herbs, Marjoram, Thyme, Sage, Baum, Summer Savory.—Also, Garlick, Shalots, and Horse-Radish, to be sold cheaper than any in *Boston*.

TO BE SOLD BY

Richard Smith,

At his Store in KING-STREET,

Sperma-Cæti CANDLES,

by the Quantity or single Box,
Manufactured by *Daniel Jenches* & Com'y at *Providence*, (*warranted pure, and free from any Adulteration.*)
N.B. At the above Store may be had, an Assortment of ENGLISH GOODS, GUN-POWDER.

CHOICE CHOCOLATE made and Sold by *John Goldsmith*, at the Corner Shop leading down *John Hancock*, Esq'rs Wharff, by the large or small Quantities.—Also all Sorts of Groceries.

The Chocolate will be warranted good, and sold at the cheapest Rates—Cash given for Cocoa.

Cocoa manufactured for Gentlemen in the best Manner.

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street*, 1769.

MONDAY, *October* 30. 1769. [NUMB. 1779]

The BOSTON Evening-Post.

Containing the freſheſt & moſt important Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

BY THE HONORABLE

Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq;

Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief in and over His Majeſty's Province of the *Maſſachuſetts-Bay* in *New-England*.

A PROCLAMATION

For a Public Thankſgiving.

FORASMUCH as it has pleaſed Almighty GOD to beſtow upon us many and great public Mercies in the Courſe of the preſent Year, which call for our moſt grateful Acknowledgments——more eſpecially for that it has pleaſed Him to prolong the invaluable Life of our Sovereign Lord the KING, and to continue the Bleſſing of Peace to his Majeſty's Dominions; to prevent the Spread of a malignant contagious Diſtemper with which ſome of the Towns in this Province have been threatned; and to give us favourable Seaſons, and a plentiful Harveſt:

I HAVE therefore thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Majeſty's Council, to appoint Thurſday the *Sixteenth* Day of *November* next to be obſerved as a Day of public Thankſgiving throughout the Province. And I recommend to the Religious Societies of every Denomination to offer up their devout Praiſes to our moſt bountiful Benefactor for theſe and all other his Mercies conferred upon us; and to accompany their Praiſes with fervent Prayers that we may evidence the Gratitude of our Hearts by the Obedience of our Lives, and may ſo order our Converſation aright as to ſee the further Salvation of GOD.

AND all ſervile Labour is forbidden on the ſaid Day.

Given at the Council-Chamber in Boſton, *the Twenty-third Day of* October, 1769, *in the Ninth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord* GEORGE *the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, KING, *Defender of the Faith, &c.*

By His HONOR's Command, T. Hutchinſon.

A. OLIVER, Secr'y.

GOD Save the KING.

Juſt Publiſhed, and to be Sold by EDES *and* GILL, *in Queen-Street.*

AN

APPEAL TO THE WORLD: OR A VINDICATION OF THE Town of BOSTON, FROM Many falſe and malicious Aſperſions

CONTAIN'D

In certain Letters and Memorials, written by Governor Bernard, General Gage, Commodore Hood, the Commiſſioners of the American Board of Cuſtoms, and others, and by them reſpectively tranſmitted to the Britiſh Miniſtry.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE TOWN.

The following Direction and RESOLVES, are publiſhed with the Appeal.

At a Meeting of the Town of BOSTON, *legally aſſembled, on Wedneſday October the 4th, and thence continued by Adjournment to Wedneſday October* 18, 1769

THE following Remarks, upon the Letters written by Governor Bernard, and others were ordered to be publiſhed; and the Committee were directed reſpectfully to tranſmit a printed Copy of the ſame to the following Gentlemen, *viz.* The Honorable Col. *Iſaac Barré*, Eſq; a Member of Parliament; His Excellency *Thomas Pownal*, Eſq; late Governor of this Province, and a Member of Parliament; *Benjamin Franklin*, Eſq; Doctor of Laws; *William Bollan*, Eſq; Agent for his Majeſty's Council of this Province; *Dennys DeBerdt*, Eſq; Agent for the Houſe of Repreſentatives, and *Barlow Trecothick*, Eſq; Alderman of the City of LONDON, and a Member of Parliament.

Atteſt WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

The Town of BOSTON, at their Meeting by'ſ-mention'd, came into the following Reſolutions, viz.

RESOLVED, That the Letters and Memorials of Governor Bernard and the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in America tranſmitted by them reſpectively to his Majeſty's Miniſters, and laid before the Parliament of Great-Britain, authentick Copies of which are now before this Town; had a Tendency to deceive the Miniſtry and lead them unavoidably to miſinform his Majeſty, with Regard to the Affections and Loyalty of his American Subjects in general: And that the ſaid Governor Bernard and the Commiſſioners have particularly, in their Letters and Memorials before-mentioned, diſcover'd an implacable Enmity to this Town, and the moſt virulent Endeavours to traduce it even to his Majeſty himſelf; by Means whereof the Inhabitants very ſenſibly feel the Diſpleaſure of their Gracious Sovereign.——

RESOLVED, That this Town have Reaſon to rejoice in the Meaſure taken by the Honorable Houſe of Repreſentatives, in the laſt Seſſion of the General Aſſembly; by ſo ſeaſonably preferring their Dutiful and Loyal Petition to his Majeſty, for the Removal of Governor Bernard *for ever* from the Government of this Province: And the Town take this Opportunity to expreſs their moſt ardent Wiſh, that the Prayer of ſaid Petition to his Majeſty may be graciouſly heard and granted.

RESOLVED, That General Gage and Commodore Hood in their ſeveral Letters to his Majeſty's Miniſters and Servants, authentick Copies of which are now before this Town, have diſcover'd an unreaſonable Prejudice againſt the Town. And the General in particular, in declaring in his Letter to the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillſborough, one of his Majeſty's Secretaries of State that "*in Truth there was very little Government in Boſton*;" and in making Uſe of other Expreſſions *alike ſevere*, has done great Injuſtice to the Town, and an irreparable Injury. And it is moreover the Opinion of the Town, that the *Readineſs* he has diſcover'd to receive unfavorable Impreſſions of it, and the publick Teſtimony he was prevail'd upon to bear againſt it, before he could have Time to make an impartial Enquiry, betray'd a want of *Candor* unbecoming his Station and Character.

RESOLVED, That many of the Letters and Memorials aforeſaid are falſe, ſcandalous, and infamous Libels upon the Inhabitants of this Town, Province and Continent, of the moſt virulent and malicious, as well as dangerous and pernicious Tendency: And that the Selectmen be and hereby are directed to apply and complain to proper Authority, that the wicked Authors of thoſe incendiary Libels, may be proceeded with according to Law, and brought to condign Puniſhment.

From the APPEAL to the WORLD, Page 33.

After the Remarks on Governor Bernard's Letters is the following Paragraph:

"Notwithſtanding the Town have been oblig'd in "Juſtice to themſelves, to ſay thus much in their own "Vindication, we ſhould yet be glad, that the antient "and happy Union between Great-Britain and this "Country, which Governor Bernard has ſo induſtri-"ouſly labor'd to interrupt, might be reſtor'd. Some "have indeed flatter'd themſelves with the Proſpect of "it; as Intelligence is ſaid to have been receiv'd "from Adminiſtration, that *all* the Revenue Acts "would be repeal'd: But as it ſince appears by Lord "Hillſborough's own Account, that nothing more is "intended, than the taking off the Duties on Paper, "Glaſs, and Painter's Colours, upon commercial "Principles only; if that is all, it will not give Satis-"faction: It will not even relieve the Trade from the "Burdens it labours under; much leſs will it remove "the Grounds of Diſcontent, which runs thro' the "Continent, upon much higher Principles. Their "Rights are invaded by theſe Acts; therefore untill "they are *all* repeal'd, the *Cauſe* of their juſt Com-"plaints cannot be remov'd: In ſhort, the Grievan-"ces which lie heavily upon us, we ſhall never think "redreſs'd, till *every Act* paſs'd by the Britiſh Parli-"ament for the expreſs Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue "upon us without our Conſent, is Repeal'd; till the "American Board of Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms is "diſſolv'd & the Troops recall'd, and Things are "reſtor'd to the State they were in before the late "extraordinary Meaſures of Adminiſtration took "Place.

PHILADELPHIA, October 16.

Saturday laſt the General Aſſembly of this Province met here. Joſeph Galloway, Eſq; is choſen Speaker, Benjamin Franklin, and Richard Jackſon, Eſqrs. were choſen Agents, and Charles Moore, Eſq; Clerk.

On Tueſday laſt JOHN HANCOCK, and THOMAS BRATTLE, Eſqrs. ſet out from hence, on their Return to Boſton. Their engaging Behaviour, added to their Firmneſs in the Cauſe of Liberty, rendered their Viſit here very agreeable to all who had the Pleaſure of their Acquaintance.

NEW-YORK, *October* 19.

Laſt Saturday Morning, two or three Hours before Day, one John Holmes, an Oyſterman of this City, who was very drunk when he went to Bed, being miſs'd by his Wife in Bed, was found dead on the Floor. His Death was by the Jury of Inqueſt ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by exceſſive drinking.

We hear from St. Auguſtine, that one Hannan, a Maſon, who ſome Time ago worked in this City, was lately executed there for the Murder of his Wife and Child. She was a Women of a very good Character, well reſpected, and known here for an excellent Cook; Her Huſband having ſettled in Auguſtine, the, accompanied with his Brother, a few Months ago went to him. He being familiar with another Woman, and denying his Wife, She proved her Marriage by the Oath of his Brother on which he was obliged by the Governor to receive her as his Wife, and ſoon after perpetrated the Crime for which he ſuffered.

NEW-LONDON, October 13.

Laſt Wedneſday the Rev. Mr. Ephraim Woodbridge, was ordained to the paſtoral office, over the firſt church and congregation in this place. The Rev. Mr. Throop opened the buſineſs of the day; the Rev. Mr. Fiſh made the firſt prayer; the Rev. Mr. Levi Hart preached a ſermon ſuited to the occaſion, from 1 Cor. 2. 13. The Rev. Mr. William Hart prayed previous to the charge; the Rev. Mr. Lord gave the charge; the Rev. Mr. Nathaniel Bills prayed after the charge; and the Rev. Mr. Jewet gave the right hand of fellowſhip.

Mr. HOLT,

AS you have been particularly careful to inſert ſuch pieces in your very uſeful paper, as tend not alone to give the Americans a proper idea of their precious liberty; but alſo to counteract the daring invaſion of that Liberty, by a C——t M——y. || therefore if you judge the following method of evading the payment of the duties on paint, will be of ſervice to the public, you are welcome to inſert it in your next, as communicated to me by a gentleman of credit, in a neighbouring province, who had all his houſes and out houſes painted with the following cheap colour, and found it to anſwer well. If ſo, may it be ever be called LIBERTY COLOUR.

To every Gallon of clear Train Oil, add one Pound of Litharge, boil it well in a braſs or copper kettle, by a ſlow fire and in an open place, leſt by running over it catch fire and endanger the houſe, ſtir it continually and ſcum it clean, after ſome time boiling, it will looſe all its ſmell and become fit, when cold, to be uſed as linſeed Oil, mix whiting (which is only chalk and on which is no duty) with the above Oil, and bring it to a light or dark lead colour by lamphlack.—When white or red lead may be had of American manufactory which I have reaſon to hope will ſoon be, by mixing it with the above it muſt prove of advantage.

For the method of rendering train Oil as ſweet as olive Oil, ſee Annual Regiſter for 1761, & 1762.

N. Y. Octo. 26, 1769.

I am Sir, Your conſtant Reader, S. M.

NEWPORT, October 9.

Inſtead of the Mole's continuing a free Port till January 1771, as mentioned in our laſt, by Miſtake of the Perſon who gave us the Information, it is to continue ſo only till January next.

Several Cattle have lately died about this Town, by a Diſorder ſuppoſed to have been taken from a Bull and a Cow, of a Breed without Horns, imported from North-Caralina laſt Summer, and which have been killed and buried with their Hides on, to prevent their ſpreading of the Infection.

PROVIDENCE, *October* 21.

From different Parts of the Country we learn, that a dangerous Diſtemper has broke out among the Dogs, ſeveral having lately gone mad.—An Ox belonging to Capt. Ephraim Pearce, of Johnſton, was ſome Time ſince bit by one of thoſe Animals; but as the Ox was not immediately affected, and the Wound healed, it was hoped no bad Conſequences would enſue; however, in about ſix Weeks after, Symptoms of the Malady appeared, which increaſed till it became dangerous to approach him, and he died raving mad.

We ſince learn that Mr. EBENEZER TYLER, of Cranſton, died on Tueſday laſt. He was lately bit in the Arm by a Dog, which ſome ſay was the Cauſe of his Death.

On Tueſday Morning a mad Dog entered a Houſe on the Weſt Side of the Bridge, when a Perſon attempted to ſhoot him; but the Gun only flaſhed, and he made off up Johnſton Road. He was afterwards ſeen to bite two other Dogs, belonging to Col. Chriſtopher Harris, and Mr. Conſider Luther.

We are likewiſe informed, that a Number of Swine having been bit, all of them died mad.

It ſtrongly behoves the Owners of Dogs to guard, as much as poſſible, againſt their being infected; and upon diſcovering the leaſt Sign of Madneſs, immediately to deſtroy them.

Since our laſt a melancholy Accident happened at Scituate. Mr. Eliſha Franklin, of that Place, having fixed a Quantity of Powder for blowing a Rock in his Well, it unfortunately took Fire before the Exploſion was intended to be made, whereby he was immediately killed.

Sunday laſt Capt. Edmonds arrived from a Whaling Voyage, and brought in 150 Barrels of Oil.—And Yeſterday Capt. Coffin, in a Whaling Veſſel, arrived with 240 Barrels.

On Monday died ſuddenly, at Greenwich, ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Eſq; Attorney at Law.

PROVIDENCE, October 20, 1769.

AT a Meeting of the principal Merchants, Traders and other Inhabitants of the Town, this Day, at Liberty Tree, in Conſequence of an Adjournment from the 17th Inſtant, the Committee of Merchants reported, that Meſſieurs *Joſeph* and *William Ruſſell*, and a Number of other Merchants and Importers of *Britiſh* Goods, had freely, under their Hands, agreed to deliver up to the Committee, appointed for that Purpoſe, all ſuch Goods as might be by them imported in the Snow *Triſtram*, *David Shand*, Maſter (ſoon expected from England) contrary to the Agreement heretofore entered into by the Merchants, and principal People of the Town, to be ſtored until the Duty Act on Glaſs Paper, &c. be repealed. And as there are ſome few other Perſons in this Town, who as yet refuſe to come into the general Agreement, reſpecting the delivering up and ſtoring of Goods, although they have been duly waited upon, and requeſted to acceede to the ſame; and this Meeting having Hopes that, on Reconſideration, they will ſo far conſult their own Intereſt as well as their Duty to the Public, as to join in the ſame ſalutary Meaſures; it was therefore voted, That the Meeting be adjourned to Tueſday next, the 24th Inſtant, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Court-Houſe, then and there to adviſe upon ſuch Meaſures; as ſhall appear to be expedient, in Conformity to the Conduct of the Merchants of the principal Colonies on the Continent of America.

(d) ſind-paint act page 735. Vol. 1.

|| Corrupt Miniſtry. ¶ Page 907. & 911 ‡ Page 466 ◊ vide page 1001 ∨ vide page 463—831 § Page 831. & * page 831 &c. & vid. page 649. (a) vid. Moleſſes act pa. 9— Tea act pa. 735. Vol. 1. (b) vid. Act appointing them, pa. 748. Vol. 1. & their Commiſſion, pa. 253 (c) vid. Arrival of Troops &c.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 24.

The following is an Agreement entered into by the Merchants of Newport:

WHEREAS the Trade and Commerce of this Colony, without which the Inhabitants cannot poſſibly ſubſiſt, is greatly leſſened, and continually decreaſing, owing to the unneceſſary Limitations and Reſtrictions, and to the many Inconveniencies and Difficulties with which the carrying it on is attended: And whereas in this deplorable State of Trade the Cuſtom-Houſe Officers in this Colony, not content with the reaſonable Fees eſtabliſhed by Law, which are in every reſpect higher than in the Port of London, do aſk and demand moſt exorbitant Gratuities for diſcharging the Duties of their reſpective Offices, by which means Coaſters and others have been and are diſcouraged from coming into this Colony, and have turned the Courſe of their Trade into other Channels, to the great Prejudice of this Colony: And whereas the exacting of ſuch large Sums, and the Detention of Veſſels, upon a refuſal to pay them, have a natural & fatal Tendency totally to ruin the Trade of the Colony; and it is become abſolutely neceſſary to put a ſtop to the ſame:

WE the Subſcribers, Merchants of the Colony of Rhode-Iſland, repoſing ſpecial Confidence in the Truth and Honor of each other, Do therefore agree, and we do hereby promiſe and oblige ourſelves to each other in Manner following, viz.

That from and after the Date hereof, we will not, by ourſelves or others, pay any higher or greater Fees to the Officers of the Cuſtoms in this Colony, than thoſe which are ſtated and allowed by a Law of this Colony, intituled, "An Act ſtating the Fees of the Collector, Comptroller and Searcher of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and the Naval Officer, within this Colony."——

October 21. Laſt Week Captain Strange arrived at this Place from a Whaling Voyage, having bro't in upwards of 200 Barrels of Oil; during the Voyage Capt. Strange met with at Sea and took up, a Hogſhead of Weſt India Rum, which had been ſo long in the Water, that Barnacles were grown upon the Caſk; the Rum was very good in Quality.

BASSETERRE, (in St. Chriſtophers), Auguſt 9.

On Monday arrived an expreſs here, from Antigua, the William and Elizabeth, Capt. Bamfield, by whom we have an account that the Caraibes in St. Vincent, had aſſembled together, and obſtructed the people employed in making roads, &c. in conſequence of which James Hartly, Eſq; (an officer of the militia) was diſpatched to Antigua, in order to procure arms for the inhabitants, where he got 200 firelocks, and immediately proceeded to this place. 'Tis ſaid he is to receive 300 ſtands of arms from hence.

Charleſtown, South-Carolina, Sept. 28.

On Friday returned here, in the Hawk Tender, George Mills, Eſq; one of the Inſpectors-General of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms under the Board of Commiſſioners at Boſton, having been thro' the Provinces and Iſlands under his Inſpection. He came laſt from Eaſt-Florida.

WILLIAMSBURG, (in Virginia) Sept. 21.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend here, dated July 12. 1769.

"As to the political conduct of your country, you have the approbation of every Engliſhman; nor was your addreſs to the King treated with that diſreſpect which had been ſhewn on former like occaſions. In ſhort, the acts already paſt to the injury of America are to be repealed, and no more ſuch attempted for the future. This you may rely on, as I have ſuch information as puts the truth of it beyond a doubt.

"It is confidently reported that Lord Chatham has declined accepting any place in adminiſtration; and the hopes of a change are quite vaniſhed.

"A Great Perſonage expreſſed himſelf the other day to this effect, "*That every Thing relative to the Colonies ſhould be ſettled to their ſatisfaction.*"

New-York, October 23.

On a Review of the Boſton News Papers, it appears to ſeveral impartial perſons, that the people of the Maſſachuſets-Bay are not in general ſuch true hearted patriots as they pretend, or elſe that the Sons of Liberty have leſs influence there than in the other capitals of America; it ſeems that Mr. John Mein, a Printer of a Paper called the Boſton Chronicle, has for ſeveral weeks openly bid defiance to the Committee of Merchants, and in his Paper continually oppoſed, villified, aſperſed, catechiſed, dictated to, and hectored the Non Importers;—and for which he muſt have a number of abettors, ſeeing ſo many continue to take his Paper, as enables him to continue; whereas had any Printer in New York dared to ſay half as much, he would not had as many cuſtomers left, as would have ſaved him from deſtruction: Happy is it for Mr. Mein, that he does not reſide in New-York, or he would long ago have met with a ſuitable reward.—There are but three open importers now left in Boſton, of which Mr. Mein is one, and what muſt make his conduct the more ungrateful is, that he came a ſtranger among them but a few years ago, and has met with greater encouragement than any of the natives, tho' his Paper, notwithſtanding the moſt pompous pretenſions, is but a *Mean* one, at the ſame time he is ſo inſolently flying in the face, and running directly counter to the ſenſe of every real patriot on this continent.

SAVANNAH in GEORGIA, Sept. 20.

At a Meeting of the Merchants, Sept. 16*th, at the houſe of Mr. Alexander Creighton, in Savannah.*

IT was agreed, that the late acts of Parliament, ſo fully and unanimouſly remonſtrated againſt by the Northern Colonies, were in themſelves unconſtitutional, and the mode of taxation entirely inconſiſtent with the abilities of the people.

At a time when we have great reaſon to believe that healing meaſures, and a redreſs of grievances, will be effectually purſued at the next meeting of Parliament, we think it unneceſſary to enumerate the whole, further than that, in general, and as far as we know, we approve of, and agree in ſentiments with the other provinces.

It was agreed, reſpecting this province in particular, that the mode of payment of ſuch duties is a great and additional grievance. The ſterling current money of this province, which was by an act of aſſembly aſſented to by his Majeſty, and declared equal in value to the ſterling money of Great Britain, and a lawful tender in all payments, being refuſed in payment of ſuch duties tends greatly to depreciate its value;—a circumſtance greatly affecting every perſon anywiſe intereſted in this province; after having *Wiſely* excluded us the benefit of the Spaniſh trade, the only channel thro' which ſpecie could poſſibly be procured, and then, by ſubſequent acts, impoſing duties on us, payable in *Gold and Silver*, ſhews that they are entirely ignorant of our internal police, and know little of what is beneficial to the colonies, and thereby prevents our having it even in our power to give a regular and conſtitutional aid to the mother country, if ſuch was demanded.

We therefore Reſolve, That any perſon or perſons whatſoever, importing any of the articles ſubject to ſuch duties, after having it in their power to prevent it, ought not only to be treated with the utmoſt contempt, but deemed enemies to their country, it being a circumſtance that would need only to be mentioned to any perſon, inſpired with the leaſt ſenſe of liberty, that it may be deteſted & abhorred.

BOSTON, October 30. 1769.

meſſ'rs FLEETS.

Merrimack, Oct. 24. 1769.

Please to inſert the following, which will, perhaps, be a Satisfaction to the Perſons to whom I have the honor of being known, and oblige

Your humble Servant,

EDWARD GOLDSTONE LUTWYCHE.

AT Boſton, a few Months ſince, I accidentally ſaid, when in Company with ſome Gentlemen of the Town, I believed, that the Deſerters in general, eſpecially thoſe at a diſtance, had not been informed of the Pardon publiſhed by Gen. *Mackay*, or many more would have taken the benefit of it. Soon after my return, I received a Letter from Gen. *Mackay*, dated Auguſt the 7th, in which he promiſed a Pardon to all Deſerters who would ſurrender themſelves by the laſt Day of September. This I perceived was wrote in conſequence of what I had ſaid in Town. I made the Letter public in that part of the Country where I reſide; the Effects it produced were, that only two of the Deſerters applied to me for a Certificate, which I furniſhed them with, alſo a Letter to the Commanding Officer at Boſton, referring him to Gen. *Mackay*'s Letter, which was enter'd in the Brigade Major's Book, to prevent any Miſtake in his Abſence.

We are deſired to publiſh the following Paragraphs of a Law of this Province, now in force, viz.

"*BE it enacted*, That if any Perſons being more than three in Number, and being armed all or either of them with Sticks, Clubs, or any Kind of Weapons, or diſguiſed with Vizards (ſo called) or painted or diſcoloured Faces, or being in any other Manner diſguiſed, ſhall aſſemble together having Imagery or Pageantry with them as a public Shew, in any of the Streets or Lanes of the Town of *Boſton*, or any other Town within this Province, or if any Perſon or Perſons being of or belonging to any Company, having any Kind of Imagery or Pageantry for a public Shew, ſhall by Menaces or otherwiſe exact, require, demand, or aſk, any Money or other Thing of Value from any of the Inhabitants or other Perſons in the Streets, Lanes, or Houſes of any Town within this Province, every Perſon being of or aſſembled with ſuch Company, ſhall for each Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of *Forty Shillings*, or ſuffer Impriſonment not exceeding one Month; or if the Offender ſhall be a Negro Servant, he may be whipped not exceeding Ten Stripes, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice before whom the Trial ſhall be.

"*And be it further enacted*, That if any Perſons to the Number of Three, or more, between Sun-ſetting and Sun-riſing, being aſſembled together in any of the Streets or Lanes of any Town within this Province, ſhall have any Kind of Imagery or Pageantry for a publick Shew, altho' none of the Company ſo aſſembled ſhall be armed or diſguiſed, or exact, demand, or aſk any Money or any Thing of Value, every Perſon being of ſuch Company ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of *Forty Shillings*, or ſuffer Impriſonment not exceeding one Month; or if the Offender ſhall be a Negro Servant, in lieu of the Impriſonment, he may be whipped not exceeding Ten Stripes, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice before whom the Trial ſhall be."——

BY the laſt Accounts from London it was generally thought that the 14 or 1500 Guineas thrown away by the *Wiſeacres* on the purchaſe, equipment, and other *extravagant* expences of the Sloop Liberty, fitted out for *certain purpoſes*, over and above that of giving *good bread* to ſome *convenient people*, together with more than £. 700 ſterl. expence of a fine barge and ten or a dozen men in livery to catch tom-cod for their honors, and the *pretty ſums* charged on the revenue for preſents to Capt. Corner, for his great zeal and chearful attendance upon their flight to Caſtle William, with many other conſiderable articles, will be charged back upon their High Mightineſſes, when the Lords of the T——y ſhall receive the account of expences that has attended this *famous* American Board; which account, it was publickly ſaid, had never been ſent home.—Among other extraordinary articles, 'twas ſaid that Capt. C—— r had more than £ 100 ſterl. given him out of the Revenue Cheſt for labor done by *the King's men* of his Majeſty's ſhip Romney in fitting the ſaid Sloop to ſea, which labor would readily have been done by the tradeſmen of the country for leſs than a tenth part of the money.—Theſe weighty expences, added to ſome others that attended the malicious, but fruitleſs proſecution of Mr. Hancock, &c. by order of the aforeſaid *Wiſeacres* may be matter of enquiry at Whitehall the enſuing winter.——

Dedicated to C——s P—x—n, *Eſq;*

TO-MORROW.

Quid ſit futurum cras, fuge quærere. HOR.

THoughtleſs on fate, tho' of its eſſence ſure,
View man, the bound'ries of his ſtate explore:
The ſoft, deluſive ſweets of life avail,
To charm (juſt for a while) the ſenſe of all;
In ſome they raiſe a diſcontented mind,
In ſome *corrupted*, and in ſome refin'd.
Harden'd thro' crimes impenitently gay,
See here a man bewilder'd in delay;
From time to time, *defers* his mending hour;
Bold in his vice, he thinks himſelf ſecure.
To-morrows with to-morrows blended lye,
All his defects to-morrow muſt ſupply.
To morrow comes, is but a common day,
His ſins predominant—muſt ſtill delay.
Thus endleſs ſeries of whole years may fly,
To morrow he's to mend, to morrow *he's to dye.*

Wedneſday laſt our moſt gracious Sovereign King GEORGE the Third entered the Tenth Year of his Reign: On this Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne the Guns at Caſtle William and at the Batteries in this Town were fired at Noon: His Majeſty's 14th and 29th Regiments were on the Common at the ſame Time, and each fired three Vollies: On this Occaſion alſo the Company of the Train of Artillery belonging to the Regiment of Militia in this Town muſtered on their Parade, and fired a Royal Salute; after which the ſaid Company went thro' their Evolutions and Firings, in order to complete the Times required by Law for Trainings:—Their Performances were to great Acceptation. At One o'Clock His Majeſty's Ship Roſe in this Harbour fired on the Occaſion.

On Monday laſt departed this Life, Capt. DANIEL MALCOM, of this Town, Merchant, in the 44th Year of his Age: His Remains were decently interred laſt Friday Afternoon.

Laſt Wedneſday Evening a very melancholy Occurrence happened in this Town, as Mr. *Jonathan Lowder*, Poſt-Rider from this Town to Hartford, with Mr. Hide, each of them on Horſeback, were riding through a narrow Lane leading from Pond-Lane into Summer-Street, juſt below the New South Meeting-Houſe, when Mr. Hide diſcovered a Truckman endeavouring to clear his Trucks that was entangled with a Cart, and paſſed on one Side of them, expecting Mr. Lowder to follow; but the Truckman pulling his Horſe's Head over that Way Mr. Lowder endeavoured to paſs on the other Side; when one of the Shafts ſtruck his Horſe, who ſuddenly ſtarting, threw him off, and it is ſuppoſed he fell with his Head againſt one of the Wheels, which went over his right Shoulder, and down his Side: Mr. Hide immediately returning, carried him into a Houſe, and Surgeons were ſent for: He had his Senſes till they came, but died in about an Hour.—He was decently interred laſt Saturday Afternoon.

The Accident happened on the Birth-Day of Mr. Lowder, having compleated 55 Years.

He returned the Beginning of this Week from Philadelphia, having been employed by Mr. Hancock to attend him on his Tour thither. He was well known and reſpected in many Places, where he has been employed to do Buſineſs.

The large French Ship, which put in here ſome Time ago in Diſtreſs, having been refitted, ſailed for France.

Tueſday Morning Capt Lyde ſailed for London, as did alſo Capt. Briant in the Afternoon; and on Wedneſday laſt Capt Brown. In Capt. Briant went Paſſengers, Samuel Venner, Eſq; and Family, and Mr. Patrick Smith, the Factor who brought ſome Goods here from London, but afterwards agreed with the Merchants to return with his Goods, on their paying his Paſſage, and the Freight and Inſurance of the Goods home, which was complied with.

On Wedneſday laſt the Rev. Mr. *Caleb Prentice* was ordained to the Paſtoral Care of the Church in the firſt Pariſh in Reading.

(2) vid the Act. appointing the Board pa. 748. Vol. 1— & their Commiſſo pa. 253. (3) vid. Journal of Times for the Proſecution of Mr. Hancock, pa. 323. &c

// Treaſury & Commiſſioners & Corner * Charles Paxton

Page 540 } vide page [illegible] 698 } vid. Molaſſ. act pa. 9. Tea act pa. 735 Vol. I.—
— Billeting act pa. 274 & (1) vid their Flight pa. 151.

Last Wednesday se'nnight Mr. FRANCIS GREEN, of this Town, Merchant, Son of the Hon. BENJAMIN GREEN, of Halifax, was married to Miss SUSANNA GREEN, Daughter of the late JOSEPH GREEN, Esq; deceased.

Last Thursday Evening JOSIAH QUINCY, jun. Esq; was married to Miss ABIGAIL PHILLIPS, eldest Daughter of WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Esq; of this Town, Merchant.

Tuesday last Mr. Robert Peirpoint, and several other Inhabitants at the South Part of the Town, made Complaint to a Magistrate that they had been greatly abused, the preceeding Night, and that Morning, by some of the Guard at the Fortification; likewise that when the Guards were relieved, on their March one of the Soldiers took his Firelock off his Shoulder, and fired it; and had not another Soldier with his Bryonet knock'd up the Muzzle, the Bullet which was discharged would have gone among a Number of Persons that were very near standing at a Blacksmith's Shop, but providentially the Bullet entered the upper Part of the Shop, and hurt no Person.—These Matters have since been examined by the Magistrate and some of the Parties concerned bound to appear at the next Court of Assize to answer for their Misdemeanors.

Last Saturday Afternoon, as Mr. John Mein, Publisher of the Boston Chronicle, was returning from his Shop in Kingstreet, some Gentlemen then upon Change, who tho't themselves ill-treated in a late Publication of his, took Occasion to "*catechise*" him; upon which, after a few Words had passed between them, he drew a Pistol out of his Pocket, and threatned to fire if they did not stand off; but that was so far from intimidating them, that they followed close up in order to seize him, and he apprehending some danger to himself from the resentment of the People, who began to collect together pretty fast, precipitately retreated to the Main Guard, which was near, with the Pistol in his hand, where, as soon as he entered the Door, he discharged it at random among those who closely followed him (tho' without doing any other damage than wounding the Sleeve of the Coat of a Grenadier who was upon guard) and then immediately took shelter in the House under the protection of the military Conservators of the Peace:——Application was soon after made to Mr. Justice Dana and a Warrant issued for apprehending him in order to answer for this atrocious Offence; but tho' search was made in the Guard House and other Places, by the proper Civil Officers to whom the Warrant was committed, they have not yet been able to serve it upon him.——

The same Afternoon, a Person who lately belonged to the Sloop Liberty, and came round to this Place in the Sloop Success from Rhode Island, and soon after his arrival informed of her having a Cask or two of Wine on board, which occasioned the Vessel's being seized, was discovered and pursued, but took shelter in a House were he secreted himself till the beginning of the Evening, when thinking the Coast clear he ventured out, but the Avenues to the House being strictly watched the whole of the time, he was immediately seized upon by the Populace, and soon placed in a Cart, his Jacket and Shirt taken off, and his naked Skin well tarr'd and feather'd; they oblig'd him to hold a large Glass Lanthorn in his Hand that People might see the doleful Condition he was in, and to deter others from such infamous Practices:—He was then carted from the Town House thro' the main Street up to Liberty Tree, amidst a vast Concourse of People, where he was made to swear never to be guilty of the like Crime for the future; but in their going thither, as they pass'd Mein and Fleming's Printing-Office a Gun was fired from thence and two others snap'd at them just as they got by, upon which some of the Company rushed into the Office in order to secure the Offenders, but they had fled; however they bro't off three Guns, two of them well charg'd, as Evidences against them whenever they can be taken:—This imprudent Conduct of those in the Printing Office (for what Reason we know not, as no injury seemed designed them) did not interrupt the Carting the feather'd Informer thro' the principal Streets in Town for about three Hours, when he was brought back to Kingstreet, and after renewing his Obligation of behaving better for time to come, and asking Pardon for his past Offence, he was dismissed without further Damage, after having his Cloaths returned him again; and then all peaceably dispersed about Nine o'Clock.

A few Days since died a very valuable Negro belonging to Capt. Jacobson: His Death was occasioned by a Mortification from several Stabs with a Bayonet given him by two Soldiers a short time before, without the least Provocation from the Fellow.—Tho' Enquiry has been made, the Soldiers who assaulted him have not yet been discovered.

Thursday the 23d of November, is appointed to be observed as a Day of general Thanksgiving, throughout the Province of New Hampshire.

On the 19th ult. the Rev. Mr. Aaron Kinne was ordained to the pastoral Charge of the first Church in Groton, Connecticut.

The COMET has been seen every Evening of the last Week, between 8 and 9 o'Clock, in the West.—From its situation in respect to the Earth, its Tail is scarce visible. ¶ b

We hear from Braintree, that on the 12th inst. at One o'Clock Afternoon, 156 young Ladies met at the House of the Rev. Mr. *Task*, in the South Parish in said Town, and generously gave him for the use and benefit of his Family 2992 Knots of Linnen, Cotton, Tow and Woollen Yarn, which they spun out of Materials partly found by their Minister and partly by themselves; 32 yards of good Cotton & Linnen Cloth, three quarters wide, and 20 yards of good Tow Cloth, yard wide, containing 1493 Knots, the Materials partly found by their Minister and partly by themselves; a good handsom Coverlid ready made, which contained 228 Knots; a good pair of Stockings, containing 20 Knots; and 175 Knots more sent in by others who could not well come: The whole containing 4898 Knots. At which time something of American produce was set before them for their refreshment. At half after Two the young Ladies walked in Procession to the House of public Worship, where a Sermon was preached to them and a Number of others who attended; from Prov. 6. chap. 6. 7 & 8th verses, *Go to the Ant, thou Sluggard, consider her Ways and be Wise; which having no Guide, Overseer or Ruler, provideth her Meat in the Summer, and gathereth her Food in the Harvest.*—And after the closing Prayer being made, a Hymn sung, and the Blessing given, they all returned to their respective Homes. Verily all the virtuous and generous when they shall hear what these young Ladies have done will praise them in the Gates.

Precinct of Salem and Beverly.

On Tuesday the 5th last month 41 young Women of this Place, moved perhaps by the many late Examples of others, who have in a similar Way testified their high Esteem of their Pastors, for their Work's sake, viz. by seeking Wool and Flax, and working willingly for them with their Hands, having provided themselves with these Materials, met early in the Morning at the House of the Reverend Mr. Chipman, and in the Evening presented him with 70 Run of well-wrought Yarn.——A Run is a Skein of twenty Knots; the number of Knots in the whole being 1396. Mr. Chipman had no knowledge of this Work and Labour of Love, till the Day was appointed and near at Hand; but altho' he desired not the Gift, yet he always rejoices to see Fruit abounding to their Account; and the repeated kindnesses of his people to him, in his advanced Age, as well as their living in the Exercise of social Virtues each toward the other, excited his Gratitude.

N. B. The young Gentlewomen were not moved in the least by political Principles in the Affair above, yet they are cordial Lovers of Liberty, particularly of the Liberty of drinking Tea with their Bread and Butter, to which their Pastor consents.

Faneuil-Hall Lottery will absolutely commence Drawing on Friday next, agreeable to the Time fixed by the Managers.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And now ready to be delivered to the Subscribers by the Printers hereof,

A Volume of Curious Papers,

collected by his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor. Which may serve as an Appendix to the first Part of his History of *Massachusets-Bay*, and if favorably received, another Volume will probably be published, as an Appendix to the second Part of the same History.

On WEDNESDAY next,

At Ten o'Clock in the Morning,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Auction Room in Queen-street,

—A Variety of GOODS,—

Among which are,—Irish Linens, stript Camblets, Manchester Checks, Check Handkerchiefs, Bedticks, Oznabrigs, Silk Twist, a great Variety of Metal Coat and Breast Buttons, Necklaces, a large Quantity of Snuff Boxes, &c. &c. &c.

J. RUSSELL, *Auctioneer.*

Wednesday next, Ten o'Clock.

For RHODE-ISLAND,

The Brig *Triton*, Eleazer Trevett, Master,

Will sail in 5 or 6 Days. For Freight or Passage apply to said Master at Mr. *Brackett's*. *Oct.* 30.

TO BE LET.

The large Store, Dock and Wharf, late Capt. *Haugh's*, South of Kingstreet.—Enquire of the Printers.

Stollen out of a House near the Common, Friday Evening between the Hours of 7 & 9, a plain Silver Cream Pot, with the London Stamp, and a Lyon rampant Crest engraved on the Body of the Pot; also two Hats, one of them with a Cockade, &c. of the 29th Regiment, the other a plain Hat; two Quart Decanters full of Wine, and some other Articles. Whoever will discover the Thief so as to bring him to Justice, shall receive SIX DOLLARS Reward from the Printers hereof.

Boston, October 28. 1769.

TO BE LET

A HOUSE in Cambridge-Street, near the Orange-Tree, three Rooms on a Floor, Yard, Garden, and a Pump of good Water.—Enquire of the Printers.

Nathan Frazier,

Of ANDOVER;

Hereby informs his Customers and others, that he has now laying on Hand for Sale, a very good Assortment of Fall and Winter GOODS, (a single Article of which has not been Imported since last Year) among which are the following; which he will sell on reasonable Terms, for ready Cash, by Wholesale or Retail, *viz.*

A great Variety of low & middle pric'd Scarlet, Crimson and all other color'd Broad Cloths, with Trimings suitable for the same; Drabs, Devonshire & Yorkshire Kerseys; Duffils; Baizes of all Colours; Bed-Blanketts; Ratteens; Frizes; Bearskins; Beaver-Coatings; German Serges; Half-Thicks; Flannels; Emboss'd Serges; Worsted Plushes; Cotton-Velvets; Black silk ditto, Shalloons and Tammies of all Colours; Black, Brown and all other color'd Callimancoes; Worsted Grograms; a large assortment of strip'd and plain Camblettesns; a good assortment of best double Camblets; double and single Russells, Poplins, Grizets, Brolios, Muslinets, Silverrets; and a variety of other silk Stuffs; black and other color'd Taffities, ell-wide black Persians; black and other color'd plain Sattins; sprig'd black ditto; Capuchine Modes and Trimmings; a genteel assortment of Mantua Silks; Lawns; Cambricks; Gauzes; Cap-Laces; a good assortment of Ribbons and Necklaces; Men's and Women's Worsted and Thread Hose, Worsted & Kilmarnock Caps, Worsted Mitts; Silk ditto; 7 8 & 9 yard-wide Irish Linnens; Check'd Linnens of all widths; Suits of Curtains ready made; an assortment of Mahogany Frame Sconce & Pier Looking-Glasses, with a great Variety of other Articles, besides a general Assortment of Hard Ware Goods,—Among which are, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d & 20d Nails; Brads of all sizes; best London Pewter Dishes, Plates and Basons of all Sizes; an Assortment of this Country Pewter, Brass Kettles and Skillets; Warming and Frying Pans; neat Copper Tea Kettles; Block Tin Tea Pots, Cream Pots and Spoons; Knives and Forks of all Sorts; 6 by 8 and 7 by 9 Window Glass, with many other Articles in the Hard Ware Way.

The Publick may be assured, That no Person whatsoever has the Small-Pox in this Town or the Symptoms of the distemper.

By Order of the Select-Men,

WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

Boston, October 30. 1769.

Best Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE & SOLD by JOHN LANGDON, in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK'S *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting-House*. He also sells the best *Refin'd Sperma Ceti OIL*, by the Barrel. Best *Tallow CANDLES*, mould and dipp'd, and *Bayberry-Wax Candles*.—*ALL as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

Felix Fistour

Takes this Method to acquaint all Gentlemen and Ladies that he is preparing very beautiful Works, far exceeding any Performance of the Kind ever exhibited in this Town. To be exhibited in the Common the beginning of next Month. By desire of several Gentlemen to be done by Subscription to prevent any Confusion and to give general Satisfaction to the Public.—As it will be attended with a great Expence he hopes that all Gentlemen and Ladies that will favor him with their Company will be so good as to sign their Names, as it is left to their Generosity,

The FIRE-WORKS

Will be the Representation of an Egyptian Pyramid adorned with curious Illuminations of red & white Fire, in the Centre a beautiful Palm-Tree of various Fire, and a very surprising Girandole of a new Construction; in the Top a very extraordinary horizontal Wheel adorned with yellow and purple Italian Candles; with a Piece of Bolognes Forlong; a Tornant representing a Chinese Fire forming the Sun and the Moon, and several times after will communicate Fire to a large fixed Sun; also a Number of the most curious Pieces too many to be mentioned.

Custom-House, Boston, *Oct.* 28. 1769.

ENTERED-IN.

Rathburn from Rhode-Island; Starret and Grow from Annapolis-Royall; Sayer Thompson, Nickerson, Rich and Lewis from Canso: Dean from Surinam; Cobb from Dominica & St. Eustatia; Ashburn from Liverpool; Howland from Newfoundland; Haynes from St. Croix; Luce from Philadelphia.

OUTWARD-BOUND.

Orr to Greenock; Vincent to Jamaica; Mayo, Mackay and Cartwright for West-Indies; Gwinn to Africa; Olds and Punchard to New-Haven; Selew to New-London; Cockran to West-Indies.

CLEARED-OUT.

Rice for Annapolis-Royal; Cummins & Hancock for New London; Bears for Philadelphia; Avery for Nova-Scotia; Smith for St. Croix; Boat for Truro; Reich for London; Bishop for Liverpool.

* Thus the Small Pox was propagated and very remarkably stopt at Sowing under Providence to the Care of the Select Men &c. of it had spread it would almost have wounded the Town under its present circumstances, about 6 Forty had it. 5 in the Body of the Town; about 12 Died (a Part) which proved More mortal than the Plague in Turkey, vide Dr. Baltimores History of Turkey in Mem. Chronicle. Vol. I. p. 211, Vol. 4.

|| Wherein He attempted to ~~rebuke~~ ridicule the Characters of the most respectable Men, especially the Committee of Merchants, for Non-Importation of Goods, the Affray first began with Capt Dashwood, whom Men called an unclean Beast comming out of Noah's Ark. NB. Dashwood lives at the sign of Noah's Ark. ¶ Where the main guard kept. ¶ Vid. pa. 726. & Vid. pa. 737

Of the Cauſes of EARTHQUAKES.

EARTHQUAKES and Vulcanos are both produced from the ſame cauſes, which may be thus explained. Thoſe countries which yield great ſtore of ſulphur and nitre, or where ſulphur is ſublimed from the pyrites, are by far the moſt injured and incommoded by earthquakes; for where there are ſuch mines, they muſt ſend up exhalations, which meeting with ſubterraneous caverns, muſt ſtick to the arches of them, as ſoot does to the ſides of our chimnies; where they mix themſelves with the nitre or ſaltpetre which comes out of theſe arches, in like manner as we ſee it come out of the inſide of the arch of a bridge, and ſo makes a kind of cruſt which will very eaſily take fire.

There are ſeveral ways by which this cruſt may take fire, *viz.* 1. By the inflammable breath of the pyrites, which is a kind of ſulphur that naturally takes fire of itſelf. 2. By a fermentation of vapours to a degree of heat, equal to that of fire and flame. 3. By the falling of ſome great ſtone which is undermined by water, and ſtriking againſt another, produces ſome ſparks that ſet fire to the neighbouring combuſtible matter, which being a kind of natural gunpowder, at the appulſe of the fire goes off with a ſudden blaſt of violent exploſion, rumbling in the bowels of the earth, & ſifting up the ground above it, ſo as ſometimes to make miſerable havock and devaſtation, till it gets vent or a diſcharge. Burning mountains and vulcanos, are only ſo many ſpiracles ſerving for the diſcharge of this ſubterranean fire, when it is thus preternaturally aſſembled. And where there happens to be ſuch a ſtructure and confirmation of the interior parts of the earth, that the fire may paſs freely and without impediment from the caverns therein, it aſſembles into theſe ſpirals, and then readily and eaſily gets out from time to time without ſhaking or diſturbing the earth.

But where a communication is wanting, or the paſſages are not ſufficiently large and open, ſo that it cannot come at the ſaid ſpiracles without firſt forcing and removing all obſtacles, it heaves up and ſhocks the earth, till it hath made its way to the mouth of the vulcano; where it rulheth forth ſometimes in mighty flames, with great velocity, and a terrible bellowing noiſe.

Earthquakes are ſometimes confined to a narrow ſpace, which is properly the effect of the re action of the fire; and they ſhake the earth juſt as the exploſion of a powder-magazine cauſes a ſenſible concuſſion at the diſtance of ſeveral leagues. Thus a violent eruption of Etna, will cauſe an earthquake over all the iſland of Sicily; but it will never extend to the diſtance of three or four hundred leagues. In like manner, when ſome new vents of fire have been formed in mount Veſuvius, there are felt at the ſame time earthquakes at Naples, and in the neighbourhood of the vulcano; but theſe conculſions have never ſhaken the Alps, nor been communicated to France, or other countries remote from Veſuvius.

Sometimes they are felt at conſiderable diſtances, and ſhake a long tract of ground without any eruption or vulcano appearing. We have inſtances of earthquakes which were felt at the ſame time in many diſtant places, and theſe extend always a great deal more in length than in breadth; they ſhake a tract of ground with more or leſs violence in different places, in proportion as it is remote from the fire; they are almoſt always accompanied with a dull noiſe like that of a heavy carriage rolling along with great rapidity.

Whereas on Thurſday laſt the Province Houſe was broke open and ſundry Articles were Stolen from thence, among which are the following, viz.——

4 Feather Beds, 4 Pair Blankets,
4 Pair Sheets, marked F B—Numbers forgot——
2 Spotted Lawn and 1 Muſlin Gowns——
1 Engliſh Crown Piece of James 2d.——
2 German Rix-Dollars.——

Any Perſon who ſhall diſcover the Thief or Thieves, and will give ſuch Information as will convict him or them, ſhall be paid TEN DOLLARS by any one of the Printers, and TEN DOLLARS more upon the Recovery of the greater Part of the Goods Stolen. *Boſton, Octo.* 23. 1769.

Juſt Arrived,

A Quantity of New Flour, Hemp, Bar Iron, and a few Hogſheads of the very beſt Tobacco, which will be ſold *Cheap for the Caſh.*— Enquire of

Joſeph Barrell,

At Store No. 3. *South Side the Town-Dock.*

Where may be had, a few Hogſheads *choice Barbadoſ Rum, Old Spirit, French Indigo, Redwood by the Ton or leſs, Firkin Butter, Dumb Fiſh, &c.*

Good Nail RODS of all ſizes, Slit in this Province, to be Sold by

NATHANIEL LORING,

At his Store near Faneuil-Hall, where thoſe who underſtand making NAILS may find Employ.

AUCTION-HALL—Kingſtreet.

Public Notice is hereby given, that

JOHN GERRISH

Has *removed* his PUBLIC VENDUE OFFICE from the North End to

AUCTION-HALL,

In King-Street, cloſe by the Town-Houſe,

All Favours and Preference in his way of Buſineſs (in the *Character* of VENDUE-MASTER or *Auctioneer*) will be moſt gratefully accepted.——

If moſt agreeable to his *Employers*, he would chuſe to hold his public Vendues (in Auction-Hall) chiefly in the *Day-Time*.—All his Friends, Gentlemen, Strangers, and others, who have any Buſineſs for him to do now, may pleaſe to ſend their Goods and Orders to his *Vendue-Office* in ſaid AUCTION-HALL, and they may without ſcruple, depend upon his beſt Endeavours to ſerve them *faithfully*. He alſo ſtands ready to do any *Vendue-Jobbs* at any other Place, or Part of the Town, upon very reaſonable Terms. JOHN GERRISH.

N. B. The abovementioned AUCTION-HALL is very large and commodious, where rich & genteel *Houſhold Furniture*, &c. may be put up and placed in the beſt *point of Light*, either for public or private Sale. Conſtant Attendance will be given at ſaid HALL, to take Goods in for Sale, &c. &c.

The ſaid *GERRISH* may be *treated* with concerning Trade & Buſineſs (by *Day* or *Night*) at his Houſe oppoſite the great *Arch* under Auction-Hall.——

TUESDAY *November* 9th,

At TEN o'Clock Before Noon,

Will be ſold by PUBLIC AUCTION,

At the Auction Room oppoſite the Weſt End of Faneuil-Hall Market,

A great Variety of Houſe Furniture, viz. Mahogany Leather Bottom Chairs, Mahogany ſquare and round Tables, Black Walnut Caſe of Draws, Bureau Tables, Mahogany Deſk, Sacking Bottom Bedſteads, Feather Beds & Bolſters, Coverlids & Blankets, Looking Glaſſes, blue & white and burnt China, ſome ſmall Articles of wrought Plate, Delph Ware, Pictures under Glaſs, a handſom Jack, Pewter, Braſs, Tin, Copper and Iron Kitchen Furniture, and a great Variety of other Articles.

N. B. The above Goods may be ſeen at the Vendue-Office the Day before the Sale, where Attendance will be given.

M. DESHON, *Auctioneer.*

TO BE SOLD,

As Cheap for Caſh as can be bought out of any Store in Town, Wholeſale or Retail, by

John Gore, *jun*r.

Oppoſite to LIBERTY-TREE, BOSTON,

A genteel Aſſortment of Engliſh GOODS.——North American Manufactures for Men's Winter Wear.

N. B. North-American Manufactures taken in Exchange for Engliſh Goods.

A few Firkins choice BUTTER at 5*s.* O.T. per lb.

John Griffith

Has opened an Evening School at his uſual Place, oppoſite *William Voſſell*, Eſq;

Wanted immediately,

A Sloop or Schooner of about 70 Tons, either to purchaſe or hire. Enquire of the Priners.

TO BE SOLD for want of Employ,

A healthy NEGRO GIRL, about 17 or 18 Years of Age, who can do all ſorts of Houſhold Work. Enquire of the Printers.

CASH to be given for

Good Pot and Pearl Aſhes,

By GEORGE ERVING.

Dropt from a Chaiſe, Friday the 13th Inſt. between *Roxbury* and Capt. *Homans's*, the upper Road to *Milton*, a Woman's Scarlet Cloth RIDING-CLOKE, with a white Furr round it: Whoever will bring it to the Printers hereof ſhall be handſomely rewarded.——The Owner heard a Gentleman in a Chaiſe picked it up, if any one did 'tis hoped he will be ſo obliging as to ſend it to the Printers. *Boſton, Octo.* 23. 1769.

Wanted immediately at the new Factory in New-Boſton, four Boys for Apprentices to learn the Art of making Tortoiſe-ſhell, Cream and Green colour Plates, Diſhes, Coffee & Tea Pots, Cups and Saucers, and all other Articles in the Potter's Buſineſs, equal to any imported from England.——Any Perſons inclining to bind out ſuch Lads to the aforeſaid Buſineſs, is deſired to apply immediately at the ſaid Factory or at *Leigh's* Intelligence-Office. *Boſton, Octo.* 16. 1769.

WANTED two or three Pair of WOOD-DUCKS. Enquire of the Printers.

Robert Gould

Earneſtly deſires all who are indebted to him on Book, Note or Bond, to make immediate Payment; otherways they muſt expect their Debts will abſolutely be put in ſuit at nett January Court, without any Exceptions. *Boſton, 4th Octo.* 1769.

TO BE SOLD By

Hammatt *and* Brown,

At their Shop in Union-Street, near the Cornfield,

BOHEA TEA by the Cheſt, Hundred or Dozen, of the laſt Year's Importation; alſo Hyſon and Souchong Tea, Chocolate, Coffee, Loaf and Brown Sugars, Raiſins, Currants, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, Pepper, Ginger, Allſpice, Salt Petre, Indigo, Starch, Rice, Snuff, Muſtard, Flaſk Oil, Cotton Wool, Wool-Cards, Velvet-Corks.

ALSO a neat Aſſortment of plain, flower'd and cut Glaſs, China and Stone Ware, Mahogany Tea Cheſts and Bottle Stands, Lyn Shoes, &c.

With a ſmall Invoice of Engliſh Goods.

Run away from his Maſter, the 14th Day of *October* current, a young Fellow named *James Travice*, 19 Years old, of dark Complection, and ſtraight Hair; carried off a light colour'd all Wool Coat and a dark colour'd all Wool Coat, the back Parts of which are darker than the fore Parts, and three Jackets, one a ſtriped double breaſted, an all Wool Jacket of a darkiſh Colour, and a Linſey Woolſey Jacket, and two Pair of Breeches, one Pair Leather and the other Woollen, 1 Cotton and 2 Tow Shirts, and 1 Pair of Shoes and 2 Pair Stockings and two Hats.——Whoſoever will apprehend ſaid Runaway and convey him to his Maſter at *Hoptinton*, or ſecure him ſo that his Maſter may have him, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS Reward and all neceſſary Charges paid by *John Rockwood.*

TO BE SOLD

A Farm in *Little Cambridge*, containing about 80 Acres of good Mowing Land, Paſture Land, Orchard & Tillage, all fenced with a good Stone Wall, and well watered, within half a Mile of the Meeting-Houſe. Said Farm will be ſold cheap for the Caſh or good Security.—For further Information enquire of Deacon *Ebenezer Davis* of Brookline, or Capt. *Robbins* of Little Cambridge.

WANTED in a Family,

A Woman that can be well recommended, and is fond of Children.—Apply to the Printers.

THREE GUINEAS Reward.

Whereas the Dwelling-Houſe of me the Subſcriber was broke into laſt Wedneſday Night by ſome audacious Villain, who had the Boldneſs to come into my Bed-Chamber, and Stole from thence a Silver Watch, (the Maker's Name *Purrier*) a Pair of Silver Knee Buckles, and about £. 30 old Tenor in Money, among which there was a four Piſtole Piece, full Weight, that look'd remarkably new, the reſt chiefly Quarters of Dollars. Whoever will diſcover the Thief ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice ſhall have THREE GUINEAS Reward. *James Perkins.*

N. B. An Ax was left in the Yard.

Boſton, October 16. 1769.

TO BE SOLD,

At the very loweſt Rates, for Caſh only, At the STORE lately improved by Capt. *Job Prince*, juſt below *Miner's* T. on the Long Wharf,

Choice Jarr & Flaſk Oil,	Chocolate by the Box, dozen or ſingle Pound.
Loaf & brown Sugars,	Philadelphia Flour,
Beſt green Coffee,	Caſes of Bottles, &c. &c.
Molaſſes, Rice,	

Alſo, Choice Jamaica Spirit, Weſt India and New-England Rum, by Wholeſale or Retail.

To be ſold by *Jacob M'Daniell*,

At Mr. *Edward Church's* Store, Newbury-Street,

Spices of all ſorts, Glaſs & Stone Ware, Alſo Indigo, Rice, Cotton, Indian Corn, & Redwood, Cheap for Caſh.

TO BE SOLD cheap for Caſh,

Broad-Cloths, yard-wide Forreſt-Cloths, knapt Ratteens, Shalloons, blue and white Furniture Linen, Cambletts, Mens Camblet Cloaks lined with green Colcheſter Baize, Mens Cloth Waiſtcoats, Plush Breeches, colour'd Threads, Garters, Combs, &c.——

Wanted—A good ſecond-hand Brig or Snow, two or three Years old, of 100 or 120 Tons Burthen, double deck'd, of a good Length & Beam, well timber'd, a faſt ſailer and of an eaſy draft of Water.——A new Veſſel of the above Deſcription, if cheap, may ſuit.——

Any Perſon who has ſuch a Veſſel to diſpoſe of, and that the above Goods will ſuit for Pay, may know further by enquiring of the Printers.

TICKETS in FANEUIL-Hall-Lottery Letter E. may be had at the *Heart & Crown.*

BOSTON: Printed by T. and J. FLEET